THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair and warmer to-night and Wednesday; light to fresh westerly winds.

High water: 9:58 a. m., 10:16 p. m.

HEARST'S

BOSTON AMERICAN

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RAND PRESENTS STATE'S CASE AGAINST NAN PATTERSON

"Mr. Levy did not make a point, not one, which did not have for its support a lie."
—Prosecutor Rand in summing up case against Nan Patterson.

DEMANDS FLORODORA GIRL'S LIFE!

Bitter Reply to Levy's Speech in Defence of Accused Girl and Justifying Methods of the Prosecution—Said to Have Admitted He Did Not Expect Death Penalty.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, May 2.—"Mr. Levy did not make a point, not one, which did not have for its support a lie," declared Assistant District Attorney Rand to-day in his closing argument for the State in the trial of Nan Patterson for the murder of "Caesar" Young on June 4 last.

He referred to the attack of Mr. Levy, senior counsel for the defence, on his motives in his speech yesterday.

NAN WHITE WITH FEAR.

White with fear and the prison pallor, and weak from a bad night following a fainting spell at the close of Mr. Levy's address yesterday, Nan Patterson sat to-day eagerly drinking in the words of Mr. Rand, demanding her life for that of "Caesar" Young.

It was an argument in which Mr. Rand did not mince words. He said that he admired the "sublime audacity" of Mr. Levy in attempting to free the girl with such a "rotten case." For half an hour he defended himself from the charges of Mr. Levy, who had accused him, he said, of insinuating certain evidence before the jury, of turning evidence to fit his case and of holding back other evidence.

With flushed face Mr. Rand stood before the jury, gradually working himself into a state of excitement in his last fight to send Nan Patterson to the electric chair. He has said privately that he does not believe he can secure the death penalty, but to-day he is demanding it with the full vigor and power which he within him.

STRUGGLES THROUGH CROWD.

Nan Patterson struggled through a frantic crowd which had gathered in the corridors and sank into her seat weak, white and trembling. Before she left the Tombs she seemed to be in a better condition than when she appeared in court. There in the Tombs she had said:

"I dreamed that the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. It was remarkably vivid. I saw the jurors file in, and stood up to hear their verdict. The foreman pronounced it, looking at me as he did so. My father came over to me and took me in his arms and we went out of the court room together.

"I fully believe that I shall witness that scene to-night. I hope that I have spent my last night in the Tombs."

HIS BACK TURNED TO NAN.

Mr. Rand began quietly, his back squarely turned on the girl. A suave smile lightened the natural harshness of his features, as he made the usual courtesies to the court and referred to the attack made on his methods by Mr. Levy.

"You are very much to be congratulated," began Mr. Rand, "upon the very arduous performance of a public duty. You are entitled to the sincere thanks of

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

MR. RAND CALLS MR. LEVY'S SPEECH CHEAP DISPLAY

In the seven hours' speech Mr. Levy delivered to you yesterday he did not make a point, my friends, not one, which did not have for its support a misstatement of what has been proved here. And that I will show to you before I close.

I would like to know whether he could have meant all this. I wonder whether he supposed that you were men who could be driven from your duty by such a cheap display as that—by such a shabby, out worn device.—*From Assistant District Attorney Rand's Speech in the Nan Patterson trial to-day.*

FEAR DEATH PLOT FOR LOST BABE

The New Hampshire Authorities Stop Search to Drag Pond for Body.

SEERESS PROBES MYSTERY

Special to the Boston American.

DANBURY, N. H., May 2.—Was two year-old Elwin Braley, the child of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Braley, kidnapped, carried off by a wild animal or the victim of murder?

Facts that have come into the possession of the authorities have led them to believe that the body of the handsome little boy may be at the bottom of School Pond in the town of Danbury and about four miles from the Braley farm.

A thorough dragging of the small body of water was begun to-day. The authorities think that it is possible that the baby boy may have been intentionally or accidentally killed, and the body thrown into the water to cover the traces of the act.

Until the pond is dragged, the hunt for the child, that has been carried on by the citizens of this town and neighborhood, and which embraced the scouring of the woods of Wide's Meadows and the beating of the rough brush country in the vicinity of the Braley home, will not be resumed.

$200 Reward Offered.

The Selectmen of the town have taken the matter up officially and are determined to solve the dark mystery of the missing child. They have offered a reward of $200 for the discovery of the little boy, dead or alive. The Selectmen are Thomas F. Hoyt, Alpheus M. Howe and Nelson M. Gifford. They have charge of the dragging of the pond to-day.

The finding of a cloak belonging to Mrs. Braley near the body of water, the plain marks of wagon wheels leading from the road near where the cloak was found and the impression of a person's shoe in the soft earth have led the authorities to the belief that the body of the child may be in the water.

Mrs. Braley has explained the losing of her cloak there. She said that she and her husband drove to the home of a relative on Thursday evening to tell them about the disappearance of the child and she lost the cloak.

Consult a Clairvoyant.

In addition to this the services of Mrs. Titus, of Lebanon, a clairvoyant, have been called in a final endeavor to solve the mystery. Mrs. Titus is due to-night and directed the searchers to the body of the girl who was drowned near Manchester a short time ago, pointing out the very spot where the body was.

The entrance of Mrs. Titus into the case is mysterious in itself. At her home in Lebanon on Sunday night, so her husband asserts, she laid in a trance and told the mother of little Elwin Braley, Mrs. Sadie Braley, calling to her for assistance.

She visited the farmhouse, saw the little boy's bed and his cap, and became strangely affected while in the kitchen. After observing the last spot in which the little fellow played and asking several questions Mrs. Titus left for her home and promised to make known the result of her trance to-day.

So impressed are the town officials with the powers of Mrs. Titus that in connection with a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter one of them said:

Wait for Medium's Report.

"We will wait till the medium reports and, if she fails to reveal the secret of this mysterious disappearance, in a last every effort will be made to conceal their identity."

The troops yesterday were uncontrollable and violated all orders to act with moderation. They fired into crowds of demonstrators, and workmen in retaliation reported to the use of firearms and bombs.

Continued on 3d Page, 1st Column.

50 Dead, 100 Hurt in Warsaw Riots, People

SLAIN AS THEY PRAY

Cossacks Rush Into Church and Murder Worshippers in Cold Blood.

WARSAW, May 2—Reports just received from Kalisz, Poland, state that soldiers broke into a church there while services were on, killed several worshippers and wounded many others, all without cause. This follows the rioting of yesterday in which, it is now estimated, at least fifty civilians were killed, together with three Cossacks and two policemen, while 100 persons were wounded.

Details of the church massacre have not yet been received here. It is regarded as an incident, however, in rioting which is expected to break out all over the Russian empire, culminating on May 3, the 114th anniversary of the proclamation of the Polish constitution. Already a general strike seems imminent as a result of the rioting of yesterday, when troops, blood maddened and beyond control of officers, shot and cut down right and left.

STRIKERS AGAIN ACTIVE.

Workingmen are taking advantage of the sullen anger of the people to further the strike plan, and already engineers, firemen and other train employes have refused to work. Only passenger trains now leave Warsaw, run by officials, and these are crowded with panic-stricken refugees, who fear that the worst is yet to come.

To-day delegations of workingmen from the number who were fired upon yesterday began visiting all the factories in the city. Appeals were made to the employes at each place visited, urging them to lay down their tools and go out on a strike. The hope of the committee is to tie up all lines of industry with a general strike. The authorities here regard to-morrow as a day to be feared, and they dread a renewal of the conflict between the populace and the soldiers at that time.

50 SLAIN, 100 WOUNDED.

The casualties resulting from the clashes yesterday are known to be about fifty civilians, three Cossacks and two policemen killed, while the number of wounded is estimated at more than 100. It is very doubtful whether these figures give the entire list of killed, however. Many of the men shot down were carried away by their friends, and as there is danger of arrest for any of the wounded

Continued on 3d Page, 3d Column.

BURGLARS BLOW OPEN EAST LEXINGTON SAFE

EXPLOSION WRECKS POSTOFFICE—$50 IN CASH AND STAMPS STOLEN.

The safe in the Post office at East Lexington was blown open and robbed of stamps and cash to the amount of $50 at an early hour to-day. The use of nitroglycerine and other evidence indicate that the burglary was the work of two professional cracksmen, who had come from the direction of Woburn or Lowell and retraced their footsteps in their flight.

The force of the explosion literally demolished the safe, blew out the windows in the front of the general store conducted by Postmaster L. A. Austin, in which the Post office was located, and wrecked the fixtures.

The footsteps of the burglars were tracked by the postmaster, L. H. Lawrence, a neighbor, and Isaiah Palmer, a local policeman, along Curve street to the railroad tracks, down the tracks in the direction to Munroe and through a piece of woods toward Woburn.

Description From Footsteps.

The police of Lowell and Woburn, as well as the Boston police, have been notified, and are on the lookout for two men answering the description which Policeman Palmer has furnished. With the ingenuity of Sherlock Holmes, Officer Palmer has deduced a general description of the men from their footsteps. To a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter he said:

"The footsteps which led from the store were made by number 10 and number 8 shoes. The clean impression of the soles indicated that the boots were new, and the indentation of the heel showed that they were new rubber heels. The stride of the man wearing the larger shoes was a long one, indicating that he was the leader of the two."

Awakened by Crashing Glass.

As near as L. H. Lawrence can remember, he was awakened by the noise of crashing glass across the street from his home at No. 178 Massachusetts avenue. To the BOSTON AMERICAN reporter Mr. Lawrence told the story of the early morning burglar chase.

"When I woke up I peered out of the front window and thought I saw a light moving in the postoffice across the street. I pulled on my trousers, grabbed a double-barreled shotgun and went over to Postmaster Austin's house. I told him I thought the postoffice was being robbed. He grabbed a gun, and we went back cautiously to the store.

"There we found the safe blown to pieces, the windows smashed and the place upside down. Then Patrolman Palmer came along. The three of us followed the footsteps of the men. There were two of them. The trail led us to the railroad and along the tracks toward Monroe.

In Direction of Woburn.

"I followed the footsteps until they left the tracks and led across a field through a piece of woods in the direction of Woburn. I got a team and drove along to Woburn, hoping to head them off, but they must have branched off toward Lowell."

The police of East Lexington suspect that a young colored man who was loitering about the postoffice yesterday may know something about the burglary.

LYNN SPECIAL POLICE MUST GO, SAYS MAYOR

GAMBLING AND GRAFT REVELATIONS STIR SHOE CITY'S EXECUTIVE TO ACTION.

Special to the Boston American.

LYNN, May 2.—Mayor Eastham of this city has decreed that the special policemen must go. He issued a statement to that effect to-day. This is the result of the agitation of the gambling and grafting situation in this city.

At the last meeting of the City Council some of the members and many of the citizens were very much surprised to learn that the special policemen that were placed on duty Saturday nights to help prevent the breaking of the law were not under the control of the chief of police. They could do almost as they pleased, and Chief Burches could not even discharge them, it was brought out.

It was also established that many of these so-called officers of the law were paid for their services by the drinks which they served, and thus, of course, were not likely to take any action that was distasteful to the men that gave them their salaries.

Must Call on Reserves.

The Mayor says that reserve officers must do the work that the special officers have heretofore been doing. A reserve officer is a candidate for the force who has passed the requisite examination and is on the waiting list. He may be called upon at all times by the chief when he is needed, and he is under the direct control of the chief.

In h... issued to-day, which is the fi... utterance of the Mayor since the talk of gambling stirred up the town, he says:

The employment of special policemen is to be curtailed and reserve officers must be called upon to do that duty. These reserve officers are to be under the orders of Chief Burckes, who is sending them to their special duties shall give them full directions as to what they shall do."

Lively Session Predicted.

This action of the Mayor is believed to have been caused by the report that some of the men who have been employed as special officers did not work altogether for the interests of the city but for the proprietors of the places to which they were assigned.

The Board of Aldermen meets to-night and it is expected that the session will be a lively one. It is very probable that the question as to whether Lynn is a city of graft and gambling will be considered, and it is believed that the Mayor will make a communication to the body on this interesting matter.

It has been learned that Mayor Eastham believes that the next census will make the population of Lynn at least 85,000. That will give to the city about eight more regular and six reserve policemen. With this addition to his force Chief Burckes thinks that he will be able to successfully cope with any situation that may arise.

The police force was chiefly busy last night among the hobbyists, gathering thirty-four of them. There are just eight saloons in Lynn, so that the... aged one drunk to every two ... places. While they fined Judge ... in court to-day nearly all of ... off with a reprimand.

LEVY'S LAST PLEA FOR NAN PATTERSON'S LIFE

Masses His Arguments and in Powerful Manner Exposes to Jury Discrepancies in Evidence of Prosecution, Endeavoring to Create in Their Minds «A Reasonable Doubt."

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, May 2.—In opening his appeal to the jury, Mr. Levy reminded them of their serious duty, and of its added solemnity by reason of the fact that in this case they are called upon to render a verdict upon circumstantial evidence alone.

After discussing the power of the district attorney and the forces he has at his command, Mr. Levy referred to the manner in which Mr. Rand presented certain aspects of the case, and proceeded:

"As to the pawn tickets, gentlemen of the jury, which he wanted you to believe bore the date of June 3, 1904, we know that the evidence was incompetent, that the court had ruled those tickets out, and if the tickets were ruled out of evidence you could not see them, because we have only let you see evidence that was ruled out by means of publication of that evidence.

"Referring to Mrs. Smith, he said to her, holding the tickets, 'Were these articles pawned on June 3?' shaking the tickets in front of his poor witness.

"UNFAIR METHODS USED."

"She answered, 'Let me see the tickets. Why, Mr. Rand, these tickets are dated in October.'

"'Do you refuse to show me the tickets?' I asked. And it was only after I myself put them in evidence that the tickets were shown to me.

"That I did put them in evidence was to have a perfect object lesson spread before you, to show you the unfair methods used by the learned gentleman opposite me. He intends to deceive you with the impression that June 3 is the date of those tickets.

"There is no evidence in this case but that Nan Patterson, throughout her whole association with 'Caesar' Young, was anything but a virtuous woman.

"The evidence in the case shows that she was divorced from her husband; that she went on the stage to make an honest living, and that she met 'Caesar' Young.

"Which lesson will you have? You are the judges; you are to determine.

YOUNG "FLUSH" WITH MONEY.

"There is not any evidence to indicate, but what this girl started out on the stage to make an honest living—was a good girl. It may be that, she being on the stage, this man, who was very 'flush' with his money, impressed the idea on the girl that it would be a splendid opportunity to advance herself, and it may be that she availed of his attentions, either because he exercised this fascination over her or because necessities forced her to do so.

"And there is no evidence to show that she was not true to him—as true as though marriage vows had been spoken.

"But the learned District Attorney will say to you, 'How about that letter that she was signed by the girl?' Does not that show that she was disloyal to the man?

"Let us think. Was this letter written when this girl was on friendly terms with 'Caesar' Young? If it was written before she left 'Caesar' Young, then the charge that she was disloyal to him falls down. Ask yourselves when it was written, and tell you there is not a scintilla of evidence to show when this letter was written.

DATE OF COGGINS LETTER.

"It was written at a period when she was at the hospital in San Francisco. That was about two and a half years ago. The relations between 'Caesar' Young and this defendant had not become so warm as they were subsequently.

"But what does this letter show? Assuming it was written at a period before his association with 'Caesar' Young, was disloyal? Why, it does not show that.

"Mr. Levy here read the Leslie Coggins letter:

"The district attorney surmises 'y' stands for Young. It may stand for a thousand other names. Are you going to surmise that it stands for Young without a scintilla of evidence on which to base such conclusion?

"If this is a link in the chain of circumstantial evidence it is the most absolutely weak one, on which no sane man can base a wise conclusion.

"Millin had testified that in the month of April, 1904, he had shown letters to 'Caesar' Young, and after he had so testified left the room.

"Young, in the month of April, discovered, the State holds, that this girl was disloyal to him. He writes her, on the first day of May, a letter declaring that he will not burden you with reading to you all of this letter, but will read to you that part which must appear to you.

"If he was offered to him, why did he protest his love for her in the letters? If he was not shown the letter, then Millin has lied.

"A man who is through with his plaything casts her off. But if a woman cajoled do that, the will cling to him.

POLICEMAN'S TESTIMONY.

"If it is possible that 'Caesar' Young took this pistol out of his pocket and, through accident, either to frighten the girl or for some other purpose, it was exploded, then it was accidental. If he did it deliberately and intended to commit suicide then, of course, this defendant will not be guilty of any crime.

"Officer Shea was the first policeman who appeared on the scene; his duty was to regulate traffic at the corner of Seventh street and West Broadway. He saw a hansom cab standing on the corner of Franklin street and West Broadway. He saw a hansom cab standing at first at a distance of fifty feet.

"He ran down to the cab and ordered the driver to move up. He jumped on the top of the cab.

DISCREPANCY IN STORY.

"There, he says, he saw the defendant seated in the cab with the body of a man lying across her lap. Sometimes out of what seems trivialities a great deal of light comes.

"**He said the body was lying with the left arm around the back of the defendant.**

"**Seems, the boy, says the right arm was around the front of the body.**

"Now, here is peculiar evidence as distinguished from circumstantial evidence. The statements do not agree.

Here an adjournment was taken until 2:30.

Resuming his argument after recess, Mr. Levy said:

"If you can't reconcile the statements of these witnesses, if you can't patch the story together satisfactorily, if there is something lacking which should be in it, if there is something missing, if there is something which seems to be needed to join all the circumstances together into a plausible story, then you must necessarily be in doubt.

"Now, if this girl had marked the man for slaughter, if this girl had deliberately plotted to take the life of Young, if this woman had conceived the design to kill him for the purpose of wreaking vengeance on him for not marrying her, let me defer for a moment to the fact that she had an opportunity to kill him in secrecy at the place track on the day before and in the night before the shooting, when she was alone with him.

"After she had gone away with him from the Hundred and Fortieth street and Eighth avenue subway, to 103d street and Eighth avenue and Lenox, there to meet Mrs. Smith and her children, Lucy, there to meet them later, she could have told him how to whom an example of what had planned the murder.

"Here, I think, I might with propriety speak of the pistol in the case. What evidence is there in the case to connect this defendant with the pistol? Is there evidence to you and to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt that this girl had ever owned that pistol?

"Is there any evidence here to show how many drinks 'Caesar' Young had taken on an empty stomach while he was waiting for the girl to meet him that morning?

BOTH ARE SPECULATING.

"Just as sure as there is no evidence to show the defendant had the pistol, just so surely is the opposite of the proposition true, that there is no evidence but that he himself either shot himself or had someone buy it for him, or it was given to him that morning or the night before.

"You say that is mere speculation. I admit that I am not here, gentlemen, as a gentleman, but as is the District Attorney. He is speculating on the question of the defendant bought it or as to whether Mr. Morgenthau smith bought it.

"They called Stern, the pawnbroker. He didn't give the tickets to him.

"Where do these tickets come from? What evidence is there in the case to show that a surmise or a conference that the tickets referred to represented articles of the pawn ticket which were put in evidence?

"He cried: 'Caesar, Caesar, look at me! What have you done? Why have you done it?'

"ALONE WITH HER DEAD."

"There, over the body of her lover, she sobbed and cried, 'Speak to me! Speak to me!' Why does she say this? Why have you done this?

"**She was alone there then—she was alone with her dead. Was there need for explanation?**

"Why? If she had killed that man—if through her hands and through her hands only he had been taken—she could not have acted as I have told you.

"All reason revolts against it.

"Then she said to this cold-blooded person, standing by, 'Speak to him and tell me over the head with it.' She didn't say that. She said, 'Tell me, tell me, gentlemen, is that the act of a murderess?' Would she say that? Would such a scheme yourselves as they credit this poor butterfly with?

"Now to me the words of the prosecuting attorney that the defendant had been either a monkey or the greatest contortionist the world ever saw in order to have inflicted the wound himself.

"The skeleton which the wound of the deceased was here brought in, and Mr. Levy read to the court and jury the fact that it was traced by the medical experts, explaining how much taller and longer the man was than the figure used in the examination.

"**There is absolutely nothing to show what was Young's position, whether he was standing, forward, standing up, leaning back, whether he had his arms around the girl, or about the defendant, or in fact what his position was.**

"Here Mr. Levy sat down and with the recovery momentarily expected of the jury with which it could have been placed at almost any angle, and with the rig. I gave while pointing it at his back, at his shoulder, at the back of his head and at various other parts of its body.

"MURDER OR SUICIDE."

"They have failed to identify anyone in connection with the crime. They have failed or to associate the defendant in any way with this weapon. They have not proved to commit murder, man and wife would have to have gone to prison for life.

"They are not such deluding idiots as to take a man and woman to the chair when a man and woman would attract more attention than if it were a single man or a single woman.

"**I say, gentlemen, that, in my judgment, this is a case of murder or suicide. There can be no manslaughter about it. There is no room to compromise verdict. She is either guilty of murder in the first degree or not guilty at all."**

Continued on Page 3.

BELIEVE B. & M. FIREBUG IS DISCHARGED EMPLOYE

North street laundry, from which the firebug was seen running after setting it on fire.

Foreman of Yards Says Only a Railroad Man Could Secure the Waste Used.

As a result of the fire that occurred last night in the Boston & Maine yards, which was undoubtedly of incendiary origin, an energetic man was put upon all persons desiring to enter the yards to-day.

Watchmen were placed at all of the entrances of the yard by Detective George Hinton, and nobody can enter, employe or not, until he gives a perfectly satisfactory account of himself. These men will be kept on duty day and night. The railroad people are of the opinion that the man who has been setting the fires is a discharged employe.

Foreman S. W. Beckman of the Boston & Maine yards said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter to-day:

After investigating the fire in Kelley's yard, which destroyed three cars last night, we have become convinced that the person who is setting all these fires is either a discharged employe of the road who has a grudge against the company or someone very familiar with railroading.

Must Be Railroad Man.

"The fire last night, for instance, was set with cotton waste, which can only be obtained by employes or from the journal boxes under the cars. Only a railroad man knows where to obtain this waste."

In fanning the gentle breeze half a hundred men, whose sole duty it is to watch for fires, and making his way over the dangerous roofs of the long string of cars, the dreaded Charlestown roving set fire to two freight cars on the track 2 in the Boston & Maine Railroad Company's yard, only a few minutes before having been seen by one of the sleuths.

The fire took place in the old wooden shack-like spot in all the yard, being located in what is known as "Kelly's Yard" on the Fitchburg division. The firemen had very difficulty in fighting the flames, the engines not being able to get very near the fire, due to the arrival of the flames were quickly subdued, the damage to both cars not being over $500.

Oily Waste Used.

The cars were empty and in the centre of a long train about to be pulled from the yard. That the fire was the work of a firebug who is responsible for the other Charlestown fires was evinced by the manner in which the fire was set, oily waste being the material used.

The escape of the firebug seems all the more remarkable in view of the inflammability of this waste, taken from the journals of the freight cars, is taken into considera-tion. Only a few minutes after the watchman left the yard, being located by Detective Hinton, who began following the man, he discovered the fire from the cars and quickly turned in an alarm from box 481.

The blaze made the yard as light as day, and the firebug was closely guarded every exit and searched every box and car, but no trace of the incendiary was found.

The firebug, apparently foolhardy, in attempt convinced the police that they have a lunatic to deal with, has offered a reward of $1,000 on his head and with a horde of policemen, watchmen and guard, all anxious to get a shot at him, he does not, possible that any sane person would take the chance he has taken and escape with his life, as he did, the most dangerous spot in the yard.

Capture Wrong Men.

One of the watchmen who roam about the yard, wearing shoes, light coats, black rizored hats and a worried look, was seen by two reporters, who were entering the yard. In his nervous condition he fancied the men were going to escape and fired two shots to bring aid. The aid came in shape of more than a dozen of the police's Ash Silas Smith, and a horde of watchmen, who charged down upon the spot, all thinking they had at last caught the firebug. Much has been made by extra duty for the past two months, but the arrest proved disastrous to Patrolman Cuneo, of the Charlestown police station, identified the men as representatives of a morning paper.

LIVES ENDANGERED IN ONE OF THREE SOUTH END FIRES

The manner in which the last three South End fires were set convinces the police that they have one or more dangerous firebugs to deal with in that section. The fires are all of almost simultaneous origin, and were either the work of three men, acting in conjunction, or of one man working with lightening like rapidity.

The first fire which an alarm was sounded from Box 65 was some burning furniture in the rear of 48 Berkeley street. A family moving out had left an old mattress and a lounge in the street, piled up against the building. The police believe this was set afire to draw attention from nearby extinguished when the firemen arrived.

Drawn from descriptions of those who saw him running away from a North street laundry in which he had set a fire.

FIREBUG AS HE WAS SEEN AT NORTH END

Watch for this man: Age, 25; height, 5 feet 6 inches; weight, 130 pounds; hair, light; face, smooth; black derby hat and light overcoat.

ing coming from the South End, under Federal Chief Grady, came upon this fire and quickly extinguished it.

The police were looking about for the man and if the description, which should have responded, and found it at the corner of Harrison avenue and Berkeley, lighting a fire in the sash and door factory of Lamb & Co.

This fire was set inside the door at No. 3 Way street, pleading for a chance to get away from the police.

When the patrols were opened there was a call for the patrol wagon, and almost all the available policemen to check. Nan herself was indifferent to this, thinking that it was nothing, which she was clearly ahead of her.

As a result of this wish Recorder Goff issued orders that all persons except those actually engaged in the case should hereafter be excluded from to-days session. The order was issued by the unbearable curiosity of the women led to the order. Hereafter a cordon of police will be placed on duty in the criminal court building to enforce the order.

Rand to Talk Four Hours at Least.

At least four hours of the day will be taken up by Mr. Rand in his closing address. Should he conclude in less he will give Recorder Goff an opportunity to charge the jury to-night.

Abraham Levy, senior counsel for Nan, said to-day that Mr. Rand confines himself to straight summing up and "doesn't indulge in eloquence," the case should go to the jury to-day.

Mr. Levy repeated the declaration which he made to the jury yesterday that the verdict should be either "guilty of murder in the first degree" or "innocent."

"Either Nan Patterson deliberately and premeditatedly murdered 'Caesar' Young or she did not kill him," he said. "If she did, she is guilty of murder in the first degree. If she did not, she is innocent."

Mr. Rand is confident that Nan will not be acquitted, but he does not believe that the jury will condemn her to death in the electric chair. The jury can bring in a verdict of murder in the first degree or second degree or of manslaughter.

"NAN IS INNOCENT" SAYS DAVID BELASCO

By David Belasco.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Nan Patterson is innocent of murder. She could no more commit deliberate murder than I could, and I have had temptations recently to do something serious.

She is the typical girl that drifts into the chorus, light-hearted, gay, full of animal spirits, with a desire to eat and drink good things and dress well. She is the sort of a girl that a big hat with an immense feather, a silk gown that rustles when she walks, and dainty, high-heeled shoes will make supremely happy. Her life is made up of little things—frivolities to which sensible, staid people would never pay attention.

I sat all day where I could watch her face. I felt the pulsations of her heart and heard her thoughts. Nan is not impetuous and intense. Her mental operations are slow. She is like a piece of clay, which a man like Young could fashion at will.

Nan Patterson has the wisdom of the chorus. She knew she had physical control over Young. A good society she would make a sorry figure; as a master of slang she would take a medal. She could not hold Young by the power of intellect, but she held him in a physical slavery even stronger than if Young really loved her.

"HE PAID HER BILLS."

There is no doubt that Nan loved Young, as she chose to understand love. He could give her theatre tickets, dainty slippers, glorious ribbons and big plumes, and keep her in the dazzling centre of sporting life. She desired to be admired, and he fixed her up so that everybody would turn and look at her as she went by. He paid her bills, however extravagant they were—and she ran them up. He gave her the bookmaker's plaything.

Nan was sleeping on the morning of June 4. It was a peaceful and sound sleep.

A tinkle came on the telephone in Nan's room. Nan was sleeping. Her sister answered the telephone, woke Nan and delivered her this message from her admirer:

"Hurry. I must see you before I go. Meet me. Do not fail. I am sorry for treating you badly last night."

Nan knew she had triumphed.

Young might have thought he wanted to give her up forever. Nan knew he could never give her up. Her heart was filled with love, but she was fearful that some-thing might happen. She did not know what. She was nervous after a night of champagne.

REVOLVER IN BAG.

I believe when she left her home she had the vague idea that playing a part in the tragedy in the little bandbag. Her sister Julia called Nan after she had left the room to come back for the bag. It would have been good for Nan is she had not returned. Caesar Young probably would never been alive to-day.

Whatever their troubles may have been the night before, the reconciliation came when Young saw the cab. Anger left him. Young said he was sorry he had slapped her face.

Both were excitable and remorseful after the night's sport of drinking champagne, and Young consoled her. He told her he loved her. That was when he had spoken of the persons who were trying to separate them he would remain true to her. That only increased Nan's fear. With tears and protestations, interspersed with frequent libations.

Nan felt that she had been humiliated in the presence of Young's relatives the night before.

When the end of the cab trip Young offered to give her a roll of bills. She would not take it. She wanted to show that she cared more for Young than his money. She had thought money would settle all her troubles.

REFUSED HIS MONEY.

The little satchel was lying in her lap. Young tried to force Nan to take the money. He was startled. In plain view was the revolver, loaded in all chambers.

Young recalled the threats of the night before. He grabbed the bag, and so did Nan. Young tore off the bandage and Nan got the pistol. In the little space in the cab there was a struggle for the pistol. Young was strong, but was hampered in his movements.

Nan and her admirer struggled for the revolver. It was in her hand. Young tried to get it, and while she was resisting her admirer pulled the trigger. Nan heard the slump report in the busy thoroughfare, which drew the hansom cab. Young had dropped into the cab seat. A second later the dying gentleman's head rested in her lap and his arm entwined her waist.

Overwhelmed with agony, she unconsciously dropped the revolver. It fell into Young's pocket, and the seal was fixed upon the tragedy.

It was a simple thing then, if the truth of the cab ride had been told, but the machinery of the law has developed a great tragedy that I believe could have been saved in a day had the girl told the truth. But that is the way with the chorus. The little white lies are sown. Sometimes they are harmless, and again the harvest is reaped.

RATHER DIE HERSELF.

I believe that Nan would have taken her own life a thousand times over rather than do physical harm to Young.

I am sorry for Nan. I am sorry for you. You are one of the victims of the chorus. Brilliant men of good family and social standing, with overflowing pocket-books, stand at the stage door and lavish the lives of all the Nan Pattersons in the chorus.

I believe she took that revolver to play a part. She meant to impress upon Young that she was not to be had by his having her that she wanted to die. In a realistic way Nan Patterson has played a part even in the presence of Young, so that he would have saved her.

NAN PATTERSON DREAMS SHE WILL BE ACQUITTED

By Nan Patterson.

On trial for the murder of "Caesar" Young.

I dreamed that the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. It was remarkably vivid. I saw the jurors file in, and stood up to hear their verdict. The foreman pronounced it, looking at me as he did so. My father came over to me and took me in his arms and we went out of the courtroom together.

I fully believe that I shall witness that scene to-night. I hope that I have spent my last night in the Tombs.

GOV. DOUGLAS AND WIFE IN LOWELL

LOWELL, May 2.—Governor Douglas and wife, who were given a rousing reception when they assisted at the opening of the Y. M. C. A. building, went to the Nurseries at the State Armory drill shed. Mrs. Douglas had Mayor Casey and wife, and the Rev. Mr. Fisher and wife. To-day they visited the Y. W. C. A. building, Middlesex Club, Chaney, President A. G. Cummock and trustees.

Basket Sale

Lasts but four days more

You will be surprised at the exceptional buying opportunities which this great Basket Sale offers to those shrewd buyers who realize the values which GINTER resources alone make possible. The few sample GINTER specials quoted below are but a handful of legal stamps that go with every purchase should make you resolve not to let the last four days of this remarkable sale slip by without your profiting by these economies.

THE ONLY EST GROCERIES TRADE WITH GINTER BEGIN TO-DAY LOWEST PRICES

Legal Stamp Specials

10 Stamps with 3 lbs. Rhubarb	10c	10 Stamps with 1 peck Spinach	10c
10 Stamps with 1 lb. "Pride of Ayles" Mocha and Java Coffee	25c	10 Stamps with 2 lbs. Good New Rice	9c
10 Stamps with 1 pkg. Corn Flour and Wine	35c	10 Stamps with 1 pkg. Corn Starch	7c
20 Stamps with 1 "Golden Rose" Tea	22c	30 Stamps with 1 "Golden Rose" Tea	35c

Flour

"Golden Rose" Flour makes the lightest bread you ever tasted.

Bag ..... 83c Bbl. 6.49

Butter

"Golden Rose" Finest Vermont Creamery, lb. 28c

"Locust Valley" Finest Elgin Butter, lb. 24c

Liquors

Wines for Family Use and American.

$4 40 Stamps with 1 qt. "Promenade" Rye Whiskey 90c

$3 30 Stamps with 1 qt. Aquinas Malt Whiskey 75c

$3 30 Stamps with 1 qt. Tarragona Port, blood making wine 50c

Fancy Staples

Fancy Graham or Saltine Crackers, pkg. 5c

Pettijohn's Breakfast Food, pkg. 9c

Wafer Baker Cocoa, 1/2 lb. can 17c

Gold Dust, 1 lb. pkg. 4c

Millikin's Parlor Pride Stove Polish, bot. 7c

"Eastern" Brand Eggs, Double Stamps, doz. 18c

"Eastern" Brand Eggs, Triple Stamps, doz. 22c

Extra Heavy Rock Pork, lb. 8c

OUR MAY BASKET

10 Legal Stamps Free	Retailer's Quotation	Our Price
1 pkg. Uneeda Biscuit	.05	.01
1 pkg. "Golden Rose" Pitted Cuddahy	.10	.01
3-lb. can Cold Packed Tomatoes	.10	.01
2 bars "Golden Rose" Soap	.10	.01
1 pkg. Best Corn Starch	.07	.01
1 lb. Castile Soap	.05	.01
5-lb. bag Finest Table Rice	.25	.09
1/2 peck Green Mountain Potatoes	.10	.07
2-lb. can Early June Peas	.12	.10
1 can "Golden Rose" Corn	.15	.10
1-lb. pkg. Fancy Evaporated Apples	.12	.10
2-lb. can Maine Style Southern Corn	.12	.10
1/2 lb. "Golden Rose" Tea	.38	.18
1 lb. "Golden Rose" Mocha and Java	.38	.22
1 Market Basket	.10	.06
All for $1.00	2.01	1.00

PRICE LIST FREE.

Write for it today and note how much you can save on daily prices than those you have been paying.

FREE DELIVERY 15 MILES.

On $5 orders or over; $2.50 orders for 10c; under $2.50 orders for 5c.—Sugar bbl. flour, 25c. extra; bag sugar or potatoes, 15c. extra.

THE GINTER GROCERY CO. 163 SUMMER ST. 16 CANAL ST. 566 WASHINGTON ST. 1459 TREMONT ST. ELM AND UNION STS. 595 SHAWMUT AVE.

RAND DEMANDS LIFE OF NAN PATTERSON

Continued From First Page.

all the parties to the trial for the faithful interest and attention that you have devoted to it. It has been a long experience for you. I appreciate it.

"But in one or two words I desire to say you will not look back altogether with regret, if it is necessary to say more. It has implanted in your minds an increased regard for the sanctity of home life, and an increased respect for the administration of justice.

"It would be ungrateful in me if I did not, as public prosecutor, make acknowledgement to the learned court for the courteous manner that he has at all times shown of dignity and purity under circumstances great and difficult.

"It should be ungenerous of me—as I was absent a few hours yesterday, for doing anything but what is my duty as a public servant requires me to do—it would be ungenerous of me if I bore any feeling on that account towards my opponent—if I did not acknowledge the way he spoke yesterday in real and best and as far as he said not what he should be to exigencies of a rotten case which compelled him to say.

"I acknowledge more than I can tell you the ability and fairness of the defendant's counsel in coming before you in a case of this character, empty handed, save for the mud with which he has liberally besprinkled it, and endeavoring in this case and of which he has seen fit to condemnment with the lion's share.

"He accused me of almost every crime in the calender. He put me on trial for crimes and misdemeanors committed in the public streets. He told you of my finger thirsting for blood; he told you I pounded Mrs. Smith with all of a pound after blood. Now you either that accusation is true; you either do not or say all is false from impartiality.

"Did I ask a single question in an impolite manner? Did I not give her the respect of the court and the jury? Was not as a lady should be treated? I tell you, gentlemen, that is a most unpleasant thing for me to discuss a question of personality, but I am sorry that I have not been called upon to do before.

Says Levy Made Him an Issue.

"And I would not have done it now here—you may depend upon that—if I had not been injected as an issue into this case by counsel for the defendant.

"Now you cannot exaggerate the importance of that issue. Counsel in one sense, it is no issue at all. I might be the meanest man in the world, I might be the most dishonest of prosecutors. I might be everything that is low and unpleasant and in the category of a lost cause has said it was.

"It would not affect the question of whether or not you found a verdict against 'Caesar' Young. But in another way it is important, because I must have your confidence as well. I trust I have that I deserve it.

"Why? If I possessed one-half the seducing charm of speech which Mr. Levy says the defendant has, I would try to sway the judgment of men and make the worse appear the better reason. I would point to the bare face of truth with my eloquence in order to punish for crime, however small, any defendant—much more a woman—you would not listen to a word I am about to say, and you would be right. Because were I such a gifted attorney, there would be but one place for me—but one place—and that would be at the woman's side, a fit object for scorn and contempt of all right-thinking men.

"He accused me of suborning testimony. He accused me of endeavoring to fabricate into your minds matters that were not testified to. He accused me of coaching witnesses to commit perjury. He accused me of concealing and withholding from you evidence in my possession or under my control which would shed light upon the case.

"Is any one of those charges true? Do they apply perhaps to him?

HARSH WORDS FOR LEVY.

"Why, in the second hours' speech he delivered to you yesterday—in the two hours he attempted to devote to a consideration of the evidence here, having been engaged in the forenoon opening myself, John Millin, Bernard B. Keen, William Travers Jerome and Abraham Levy to the case to overhasting position—when you and you and you and you and you decided here, he did not make a point, my friends, not one, which does not go to his support a misstatement of what has been proved before you. And that I will show to you before I close.

"I am not sure whether he could have meant all this? I wonder whether he could have meant that you were in one sense, it is no issue at all. I might be the meanest man in the world, I might be the most dishonest of prosecutors. I might be everything that is low and unpleasant and in the category of a lost cause has said it was.

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"I am not sure whether he could have meant all this? I wonder whether he could have meant that you were in one sense, it is no issue at all. I might be a cheap display as that he says a shabby genteel lawyer—where you have proved yourself to attack the prosecutor.

"Why, gentlemen, I have been pricked him—if when he was accusing me before the jury of trying to poison the defendant's mind instead of testimony—I wonder if he was not thinking of the letters written by Bob Turner—who was on the second of May, you remember, at the Sheepshead Bay Club with John Millin and 'Caesar' Young.

"Millin was on the stand and this was the only cross-examination that Mr. Levy gave. Referring to the night at the Sheepshead Bay Club, waiting for the receiver of 38-calibre, which 'Caesar' Young left in his valise, the morning he rode away to obtain from his said:

"'Let me have the number of that receiver.'

"So I passed over the revolver and read him the number, 123,124. He said: 'Now, Millin, don't you remember that on that night at the Sheepshead Bay Club Young had occasion to go to the toilet?' No, I don't remember whether he did or not,' answered Millin. 'Don't you remember that he left a revolver in the room and that Bob Turner, who went in there afterward, brought it out and gave it to him? Nothing of the kind, sir.'

EXPECTED TO SEE TURNER.

"Why, I supposed then there was some such person as Bob Turner who would be produced here.

"If Turner has such a story he does not dare come here and tell it. What do you think of that for an insinuation?

"Now the second count of his indictment against me is that I misquoted testimony. That would be a very serious thing if I took with contempt of court, and I ask your fairness to identify evidence; if I cheated all my power, word for word, as I know it thoroughly, if I misrepresented to you for the purpose of misleading you, I am not deserve to have ten cent piece and operate as I want you to.

"I will ask you to follow me carefully, in places where there is doubt please call for the records, because if I can't produce the records to back up my assurance I ought to lose the points I am trying to make.

"Now, how about Levy? I tell you I did not make a point that did not have a direct line for its foundation. I told you I prove that statement and I will.

"Read then asked for the transcript of the testimony of John Millin with reference to Leslie Coggins letter. Take that his hand he continued:

"The defendant's counsel devoted about an hour yesterday to this argument. He said that the three letters written by Young on the first, second and third of May, contained no indication of shocking, of the bonds that had tied him to the defendant.

But on the contrary the letters were full of affection and showed that he was looking forward, not to a continuance of this illicit and disgraceful alliance. And he said that if any such thing as this Coggins letter had been given to Young in April he could not have written the letters he did write to the defendant in May.

"That was the point of an hour's argument yesterday. I do not admit this conclusion because I do not see anything in these letters he might not have written if the Coggins letters had not been given to him. But to assume that the logic is sound, there is no foundation of fact. The sworn testimony is:

Q.—You were questioned this morning about this Leslie Coggins letter? I understand you to say that early in May, 1904, that it was given to you by Mr. Young? A.—Yes.

Q.—What did you do with it? A.—I gave it to 'Caesar' Young.

Q.—How long did he retain it? A.—One or two days.

Q.—Was the seal broken? A.—Yes, the seal was broken.

Q.—And then he returned it to you? A.—Yes.

Eager to look upon the last act of the tragedy, a seething mass of humanity filled the doors of the court to-day long before it was opened, pleading for a chance to get in. When the portals were opened there was a rush, and the crowd filled almost all the available policemen to check. Nan herself was indifferent to this, thinking that nothing which she was clearly ahead of her.

As a result of this wish Recorder Goff issued orders that all persons except those actually engaged in the case should hereafter be excluded from to-days session. The order was issued by the unbearable curiosity of the women led to the order. Hereafter a cordon of police will be placed on duty in the criminal court building to enforce the order.

Rand to Talk Four Hours at Least.

At least four hours of the day will be taken up by Mr. Rand in his closing address. Should he conclude in less he will give Recorder Goff an opportunity to charge the jury to-night.

Abraham Levy, senior counsel for Nan, said to-day that Mr. Rand confines himself to straight summing up and "doesn't indulge in eloquence," the case should go to the jury to-day.

Mr. Levy repeated the declaration which he made to the jury yesterday that the verdict should be either "guilty of murder in the first degree" or "innocent."

"Either Nan Patterson deliberately and premeditatedly murdered 'Caesar' Young or she did not kill him," he said. "If she did, she is guilty of murder in the first degree. If she did not, she is innocent."

Mr. Rand is confident that Nan will not be acquitted, but he does not believe that the jury will condemn her to death in the electric chair. The jury can bring in a verdict of murder in the first degree or second degree or of manslaughter.

FEAR DEATH PLOT IN FATE OF MISSING BABY; DANBURY, N.H., SEARCH ENDS; WHITE POND DRAGGED

MISSING BABY OF DANBURY, N. H., AND MEMBERS OF THE BRALEY FAMILY.
Photographed by Boston American Staff Photographer.

MOTHER STILL INSISTS THAT LOST BOY HAS BEEN STOLEN—SEER ESS TO PROBE CASE.

Continued From First Page.

desperate effort to find the lad we will call out every available man in the place and search every foot for miles around."

Rumours of all sorts are heard on every hand, business is at a standstill, the men joining in the hunt on the mountain while the women gather in groups and discuss the absorbing affair.

Kidnapping Suspected.

The generally accepted theory is that the child has been kidnapped either for revenge or because the kidnapper was attracted by its briant ways and precocious manner, as Elwin was a child smart beyond his years. Although the natives 'now the usual country reticence, there are ugly rumors afloat; some boldly declare that the child has been killed, but they are unable to ascribe a motive for the deed or give a hint as to the identity of the murderer.

The parents of the child declare with all positiveness that they cannot point to a single enemy who would take vengeance on them through their child. Mrs. Braley, mother of the child, has been questioned and cross-questioned by Deputy Sheriff Morrison and County Solicitor Eldridge of Lebanon, but in not a single detail do her stories vary.

Another fact that the neighbors mention is that last year a child of the Braleys died after only a day's illness, and at that time there were numerous stories afloat, but Dr. Leo V. Knapp, of Danbury, the attending physician, says the child's death was due to natural causes.

Mrs. Braley, mother of the boy, tells the story of his disappearance as follows:

Mrs. Braley's Account.

"In the morning about 8:30 I saw Elwin chasing the cows about the barn and went out and stopped him. He went around the corner of the house to play, and just as I stepped on the first doorstep to go in I heard him cry, as he was in the habit of doing whenever we did things that did not please him.

"I gave the matter no attention at the time. I went inside the house, served a little patchwork and then went out. Elwin had disappeared completely and though I called and called I received no answer.

"I hurried down the road and met Mr. John Tinkham. He had not seen my little boy going in the direction of Danbury. Frank Tobin, who was chopping wood in the rear of the house, also came along and Joseph Walker, who lives above me, had been coming down the road, and they had not seen the child. Since that time he had not been seen and I am distracted.

Dragged the Well.

"My first thought was he had tumbled into the well, but we have dragged it and found no trace of him. Every foot of earth about the house has been searched, the cellar, barn and everything else, and it has all resulted the same. Nothing that would give the faintest clue has been found. Even Elwin's little whip, which he had at the time, has disappeared and we cannot find that."

Ernest R. Braley, the father, is positive his child has been kidnapped and is help captivity somewhere in the vicinity. He says he has discovered evidences of midnight prowlers about his place, a half dozen eggs having been taken from beneath a setting hen in his barn Saturday night. Sunday afternoon his cows were milked while in the pasture. The entire country about is heavily wooded and affords ample opportunity for a person to hide himself and defy detection.

Believes Boy Was Stolen.

"I firmly believe my boy has been stolen and is alive and well, and some day will be restored to us," said Mr. Braley.

"At first the affair was so surprising I did not know what to think, but the conviction has grown firmer in my mind that he has been spirited away. While I am constantly growing in this belief, I know of no person who would take my boy. He was a bright, smart child, and may have attracted the attention of some person who awaited the opportunity to steal him.

"Any idea of his being stolen by wild beasts and carried away strikes me as ridiculous, as no animals could come across the open fields without being seen by some of the neighbors. As to an eagle carrying the baby away, I think that just as foolish, as such a bird has never been seen here. Elwin has been kidnapped. I wish I knew by whom."

Miss Sullaway Saw Boy.

Among those who saw Elwin at play in the yard previous to his disappearance was Miss Helen Sullaway, the pretty niece of Congressman Cyrus A. Sullaway. She is the teacher in the district school.

"As I drove by the Braley house that morning, shortly before 8 o'clock," said Miss Sullaway, "I saw little Elwin at play in the yard. We drove up the road a considerable distance, and I failed to observe a single stranger on the road."

Frank Tobin, for whom Braley worked, is another firm believer in the kidnapping theory. He was one of the first to assist in the search, and was on the ground shortly after the mother noticed her baby's disappearance. Tobin declared the baby was so precocious he attracted the attention of anybody who spoke him.

Sheriff Says Kidnapped.

While Deputy Sheriff Claude N. Murray was at first strongly inclined to believe there was something amiss with the story of the disappearance, his investigation of yesterday he admitted he was forced to regard the kidnapping theory as the only logical solution of the mystery.

The description of the boy given by his parents is as follows:

Elwin Smith Braley, twenty-seven months old, hair almost white, eyes dark brown bordering on black; last seen a red skirt, brown waist, green jacket with a green velvet collar trimmed with red.

50 SLAIN, 100 WOUNDED, WARSAW IN WILD PANIC

Continued From First Page.

Many women and children are among the dead and dying.

May day opened with glorious weather every prospect that the re- gloomy forebodings would not come- dition in a peaceful ending. Between 1 and 2 p. m. a procession of several thousand workmen carrying red flags marched along Zelazna street in orderly manner. Suddenly several squadrons of Uhlans took up a position along the sidewalks, a company of infantry approached and immediately the cavalry charged, driving the parades with the flats of their swords.

When the cavalry withdrew, the infantry fired a volley, whereupon the demonstrators fled. The infantry continued to discharge volleys in to the retreating, shrieking multitudes. Thirty-one persons were killed and many wounded, and of the latter it is believed that fifteen will die.

The shooting is described as being entirely unprovoked. It has aroused the greatest indignation among all classes in Warsaw. Many of those who were killed or wounded were shot in the back, showing that they were running away when they were struck.

At 5 p. m. at the corner of Zlota and Sienkiewicz streets, workmen fired from behind a wall at a patrol, which immediately opened fire on the passing crowds, killing or wounding 20 persons.

Bomb-Throwing Begins.

The first bomb throwing occurred at 9.35 o'clock at night, when a bomb was thrown into a Cossack patrol near the Vienna station. Three Cossacks and one policeman were killed, and two ladies who were leaving the station at the time were severely wounded by the bomb. Cossacks and infantry fired a number of volleys, and it is reported that many persons were killed or wounded.

At 10.45 p. m. at the Zombkowska gate of the suburb of Praga, across the Vistula River, a great crowd had assembled, threatening the troops, when bombs were thrown upon the crowd and killed four and wounded many others.

It was reported from Lodz this afternoon that a crowd stoned a military patrol, whereupon the soldiers killed two men and wounded a few more. In Balinski square, Lodz, two persons were killed, in Lodz at 9 o'clock to-night a bomb was thrown, and a patrol killed three and wounded two persons.

In Nawrot street, Warsaw last night a patrol killed a woman.

JAPAN EXCITED OVER QUESTION OF FRENCH NEUTRALITY AGAIN

TOKIO, May 2.—It is believed here that Admiral Rojestvensky is continuing to use the ports of Indo-China for the purpose of obtaining communications with St. Petersburg, and the Japanese press is again questioning the faith of the recent assurances of France. The Japanese government is silent, but it is believed the ministers are preparing to renew the neutrality question with France.

PARIS, May 2.—The renewed agitation in Japan over France's alleged non-observance of neutrality attracts attention here, but the foreign office says no further official consideration of the subject has occurred or is expected, as France has given the most ample assurances that she intends to observe neutrality, and these are being fully carried out.

The government view is that the question is closed so far as France is concerned.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Acting upon a request from Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese Minister, the State Department has made representations to the Chinese government concerning the observance of neutrality with reference to the presence of Russian war vessels in her harbors.

Japan has been aroused by the reported precautions in the harbor at Shanghai.

Japan has made direct representations to the Chinese government. The two vessels at Shanghai were driven there by Admiral Togo last year. According to international law, they either had to depart within twenty-four hours or some special reports were made, or dismantle and remain in the harbor until the end of hostilities.

Japan sought the American government in this important matter because of the government's attitude in Chinese affairs and influence with the authorities at Pekin. A word of warning from the United States to China that the vessels must not be allowed to depart, it was thought, would carry much weight. It is not believed here the Russian will now dare to take her interned warships out of Chinese waters.

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS WAIT NEAR KAMRANH BAY FOR NEBOGATOFF

SAIGON, French Cochin-China, May 2.—The Russian squadron is lying off Port Dayot, 40 miles north of Kamranh bay, and in the Binhkhoi river, near Kamranh bay. It is declared that the Russian vessels are outside of territorial waters, waiting for the coming of Nebogatoff.

Russian, German and British transports are off Cape St. James, near Saigon, and in the Saigon river.

The French naval division has been modified to preserve neutrality in French waters.

HAM, BEEF AND BEANS, SOCIETY BREAKFAST

Lynn Fashionables Arise Early for Annual May Repast for Charity.

7,000 PERSONS ARE SERVED

Special to the Boston American.

LYNN, May 2.—Society fed on baked beans, cold ham and cold roast beef to-day. At the annual May breakfast for the benefit of the Associated Charities, nearly 7,000 persons, many of them from the city's exclusive families not only enjoyed the simple fare, but assisted in the service where mistress and domestic sat side by side.

On the first day of the waiters 'and waitresses' strike, the habitues of the restaurants found that for one meal at least they were to have the usual service. They found the breakfast and enjoyed it with the rest.

It was the seventh year in which the May breakfast has been served for the benefit of charity. It is anticipated that there will be added to the fund of the organization between $5,000 and $7,000.

The breakfast was served in the new armory building, on Union street. At an hour when society is usually slumbering, the street in front of the building was lined with carriages, while in the hall maids and matrons were busily engaged in preparing for the serving of the multitude of diners.

Sixteen Tables Set.

In the hall there were set sixteen tables, presided over by women from the various churches. There were also other tables where the proceeds were increased by the sale of aprons, fancy goods, candy and such.

Mayor Henry W. Eastham and the entire Board of Aldermen were among the first to arrive and give up their toes hits and more for the privilege of being served at the hands of the fair waitresses. They were received by Mrs. Mac L. Sheldon, chairman of the executive committee. Mrs. Emma H. Breed, Mrs. A. Lilla Newhall, Miss Lora Read, Mrs. J. Lee Smith, Miss M. A. Sweetser, Miss Sophia Rand, Miss Adele M. Bowen, Mrs. Hattie A. Bray, Mrs. W. B. Allen, Charles H. Hastings, Frank W. Mace and C. o. Blood.

This is the menu which was served to one and all alike:

Baked Beans, Cold Ham, Cold Roast Beef, Brown Bread, Coffee.

It was 4:30 when the first diners commenced to arrive, and at 5 o'clock, when the doors were closed, it was estimated that fully two thousand persons were in line. Only 1,500 could be seated at a time, and those who could not obtain seats were forced to wait until the others finished. It took five hours to serve everyone who desired to be served.

No Distinctions.

The tables were in charge of women from the various churches and there was no suggestion of distinction in the service between each other, however, in making the various tables attractive and they vied with the pretty sight in their dainty table dressings with May flowers and decorations predominating in their decorations. To one and all was carried the same fare, steaming pots of the baked beans and hot brown bread with huge cups of coffee, which had been specially put up and furnished by Lynn merchants.

Those in charge of the other tables were:

Apron table, Mrs. Emma Ayers, chairman; candy table, Miss Carrie M. Allerich, chairman; flower table, Mrs. Emma H. Breed, chairman; Miss M. Breed, Miss Isabell M. Breed, Miss Harriet New, Mrs. Ellen Bush Newhall, Miss Gertrude Holder, Miss Bertha L. Holder and Miss Sara Parker; fancy goods table, Miss Take table, Mrs. George W. Kimball, chairman; Mrs. Ellen Bush Newhall, Mrs. Wrentham, chairman.

Miss Lora Read was chairman of the ticket committee, and on the supply committee were Mrs. Mac L. Sheldon, Mrs. Ella Maynard and Mrs. F. A. Phillips.

At Dining Tables.

The dining tables were presided over by these well-known women:

Unitarian Church, Mrs. James Holton, chairman; St. Paul's Church, Mrs. C. A. Westward, chairman; Methodist Episcopal Church, Mrs. Howard M. Newhall, chairman; Christ's Church, Miss Ruth S. Wood, chairman; Central Church, Mrs. Harry B. Sprague; Universalist Church, Mrs. Wellington Bay; Belt Church, Miss Sophia Reed, chairman; First Baptist Church, Mrs. Thatcher M. Turner, chairman; Catholic churches, Mrs. J. A. Bedard, chairman, and Miss Anna L. Bedard; Swedish Evangelical Congregational Church, Mrs. George S. Burgess, chairman; Ebenezer Church, Mrs. Sarah E. Wentworth, chairman; Y. M. C. A. Auxiliary, Miss Nellie Bell Newhall, chairman; Helen Mason, Miss Emily A. Hart, Miss Cora C. Larra- bee, Miss Carrie A. Washington, Mrs. Bay- Winslow, Mrs. Josephine E. Markland, Mrs. Agnes L. Mason, Mrs. Louie B. Hart, Mrs. Jessie F. Sutherland and Mrs. Charles E. White.

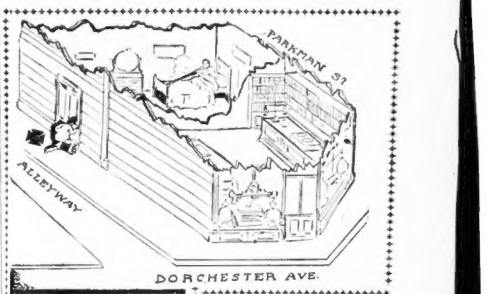
WINCHESTER MAN IN MIDDLESEX PROBATE

Charles N. Harris of Winchester has been appointed assistant registrar of probate by the judge of probate and insolvency for Middlesex County, under the provisions of a recent act of the Legislature by which the office was created. He is a graduate of Harvard Law School.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p. m.
Allouez	2¼	2¼
Amalgamated	76¾	76¾
Am. Ag. Ch.	28	28
Am. Sugar	124¾	125
American Woolen	30¼	30¼
American Woolen, pfd.	91¼	91¼
Atlantic	25	25
Bingham	30	30
Boston & Albany	256	256
Boston Elevated	136½	136½
Calumet & Hecla	645	645
Centennial	19¾	19¾
Copper Range	75¾	75¾
Dominion	30	30
Mass. Electric	17½	17½
Mass. Electric, pfd.	75	75
Mohawk	51¾	51¾
N. Y., N. H. & H.	203½	203½
Old Dominion	24¾	24¾
Osceola	100¾	101
Quincy	107	107
Rubber Goods	8¾	8¾
Tamarack	124¾	124¾
Union Pacific	101¾	101¾
Utah	44¾	44¾

FIRED FIVE SHOTS AND BURGLAR FLED



William H. Weed, Dorchester druggist, who shot at burglar, and diagram of the shooting, cross showing door at which man tried to enter.

A Dorchester Druggist Doesn't Know Whether or Not He Wounded Marauder.

William H. Weed, druggist at No. 1,590 Dorchester avenue, Dorchester, fired five shots at a burglar at 3 a. m. to-day, but does not know whether he wounded the man, as there was a door between them and the bullets went through the panel. The marauder evidently was a professional and had studied the premises, for Weed's telephone wire had been cut so that he could not call the police. Mr. Weed said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter:

"I was asleep in the rear room when I heard some one at the back door. Twice burglars tried to break into my store. I got up and took out my revolver. I listened and heard the burglar using a drill close to the lock. I aimed where I thought he would be and opened fire. If I didn't hit him the bullets must have whizzed close. He must have been startled when they tore through the door. When I went out to investigate I found he had left his burglar's kit behind. There was a dress-suit case, a small handbag and chisels and a boring bit. By the case was a blue army shirt. The burglar did not linger after I opened fire.

Mr. Weed is hospital steward in the Naval Reserves.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p.m.
Amalgamated Copper	81	81
American Car & Fdy	35¾	35¾
American Locomotive	43½	43½
American Smelting	113½	113½
American Sugar	135¾	135¾
Baltimore & Ohio	106¾	106¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	69¾	69¾
Consol. Gas	190¼	190¼
Erie	36¾	36¾
Erie 1st preferred	72¾	72¾
Erie 2d preferred	55¾	55¾
Illinois Central	140½	140½
Louisville & Nashville	120¾	120¾
Missouri Pacific	96	96
National Lead	38¾	38¾
N. Y. Central	134¾	134¾
N. Y. Ont. & West	40¾	40¾
Norfolk & Western	78¾	78¾
North American	78¾	78¾
Pacific Mail	45¾	45¾
Pennsylvania	139¾	139¾
Reading	93¾	93¾
Rock Island	30	30¾
Southern Pacific	64¾	64¾
Southern Railway	27¾	27¾
St. Paul	171¾	171¾
Texas Pacific	32¾	32¾
Union Pacific	102¾	102¾
U. S. Rubber	12¾	12¾
United States Steel	35¾	35¾
United States Steel, preferred	102¾	102¾
Wabash	20	20
Wabash preferred	43	43¼

BEAVERS TRIAL BEGINS THURSDAY

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Justice Wright this morning, on the appearance of George W. Beavers, former chief of the salaries and allowances division of the Postoffice Department, under indictment for conspiracy, accepted temporarily the $20,000 bond tendered, which is held in trust, Beavers granting him until Thursday to get local sondsmen.

TWO WOMEN TESTIFY

Nothing Builds Up the System So Quickly as Pe-ru-na.

MRS. MARY SOLAN, 1246 Seventh street, Denver, Col., writes:

"We have used Peruna in our family for years and would not be without it.

"I used it for catarrh and as a tonic before and after my children were born, and, I found that it was all that I could wish for in quickly restoring the strength.

"I have given it to my children when they caught a cold, or had any of the little ailments that children are subject to, and it helped them splendidly.

"Whenever we take a cold, a dose or two of Peruna taken in time will soon rid us of the trouble."

Peruna, a Prompt Restorative.

To those people who have been suffering from any acute ailment, to mothers after childbirth, or to those who have had painful accidents which continue them to bed for several weeks, Peruna brings strength and health.

Catarrh of the Stomach Speedily Cured.

Miss Julia Butler, Rural Route 4, Appleton, Wis., writes:

"For the past six years I suffered with catarrh of the stomach, causing loss of sleep and appetite.

"I took your treatment and my appetite returned speedily.

"I gained strength and flesh and am in perfect health."

Those are only two out of a large multitude of women who regard Peruna as a constant shield to their health.

A Message to Women.

They take this means of sending greetings to all of their sisters who have found Peruna of great value, and who keep in stock a word of advice to all other suffering women who have not yet tried Peruna.

If you are in doubt as to the exact nature of your ailment, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, and he will be pleased to give you the benefit of his valuable advice gratis.

All correspondence held strictly confidential.

HARD WORK TO EAT IN LYNN RESTAURANTS

Special to the Boston American.

LYNN, May 2.—The great number of Lynn men and women who depend upon the restaurants for their meals may not be actually hungry to-day, but they are becoming satiated with bread and cake. The bakeries, which sell the latter, are doing a rushing business. The restaurants are all open, but it is the work of many weary minutes to get waited upon.

The strike of the waiters and waitresses is assuming proportions alarming to the mind of the hearty eater. A system of picketing is in operation that makes it almost impossible for one to enter a place by without learning the exact status of affairs. As a result the vacant places are not being filled.

The strikers are preserving good order. There has been but one bit of violence, and that not serious. A special detail of police is in the neighborhood of the restaurants, in case anything should happen, but it is apparent that the strikers propose to win by peace and reason, not by force of arms.

His Own Advertisement.

William Tuffs, one of the principal restaurant keepers here, paraded about the streets last night and to-day, carrying a sign across his back, "Waiters wanted." He was not threatened with any violence, and for some time was able to through the streets without even being approached by a striker or a non-union strike-breaker.

The Grand May breakfast in the new armory building helped somewhat to-day, but hundreds were forced to buy bread and cakes in bakeries and then go to their work.

Restaurant keepers are absolutely unable to provide for their patrons. In many cases the wives and children of the proprietors are being used as waiters and waitresses, but the service is very slow.

The strike of nearly two hundred and fifty waiters, waitresses and order cooks in the restaurants is likely to continue for some time, unless the union decides at to-day's meeting to return to work. This is very unlikely, however, as the men are determined to hold out.

At last night's meeting of the Restaurant Keepers' Association it was voted to stick together and refuse to accede to the demands of employes.

Late yesterday afternoon a number of union cooks were brought into Lynn by managers, but as soon as the latter saw the condition of affairs they returned to their homes.

What the Strikers Want.

The Restaurant Employes Association is affiliated with the Bartenders' International Union, and an appeal may be made to-day to call out other employes in this city if the employers do not accede to the demand. The strikers ask for the following new schedule:

Seventy-hour week at $10 for the waiters, instead of seventy-two hours at $8, fifty-eight hours and $7 for the waitresses, instead of fifty-eight hours and $5; and an increase of from $10 to $12 for the order cooks. Five of the restaurant keepers met the demands when they were made, but thirty others held out.

SISTER-IN-LAW SHEDS TEARS IN ACCUSING HOCH

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, May 2.—Bigamist Johann Hoch was accused to-day by a fellow woman on the witness stand of having used her as an unwitting tool to murder her sister, Mrs. Marie Welcker-Hoch, whose death the State expects to send Hoch to the gallows.

Mrs. Bertha Sohn, the oldest sister of Hoch's "gentle to the last" wife, and of his last wife, Mrs. Emilie Fischer-Hoch, was the witness, and, though she was expected to yield only ordinary corroborative testimony, she sprung a sensation when she charged that Hoch induced her to administer the white powders which the State claims were arsenic and which are believed to have caused Mrs. Hoch's death.

Mrs. Sohn told how Hoch assured her that the doctor had ordered saline solutions to be hypodermically administered to the dying woman, and how she watched him prepare the flask, in which he placed a pinch of white powder. Weeping hysterically, she told how she gave her sister the deadly injection.

Evidence Piling Up.

The evidence against Hoch piled up rapidly to-day. It was given to the jury in chronological order, carrying the story through his arrival in Chicago in November, 1904, through the courtship of Mrs. Welcker, his marriage to her, her illness and death, and his marriage to her sister, Mrs. Fischer, six hours later.

Hoch took an active interest in the selection of the jury, and when the last man had been sworn in he looked them over carefully.

"Any one," he said, with a smile, as he gazed from one to another of the jurymen.

Likewise the jury suits the prosecution. Assistant State's Attorney Olsen expressed himself as satisfied.

Prisoner Gets Excited.

Hoch retained his undisturbed debonair state during the early portion of the day when Prosecutor Olsen made his address to the jury the prisoner became excited.

Olsen declared that two more grains of arsenic had been found when the body of Mrs. Marie Welcker-Hoch had been exhumed again.

Here the prisoner jumped to his feet. He was apparently laboring under great mental excitement. He started to say something to the court, when he was seized and thrust back into his seat. There he remained during the rest of the attorney's address, sunk down in his seat and grinding his teeth.

Hoch's bearing is attracting great attention, especially among the women, who daily form a large portion of the court room audience.

SHARKEY VS. GALVIN.

Tom Sharkey has been matched with Jim Galvin, best two in three falls, catch-as-catch-can, at Sauengerbund Hall, Brooklyn, Friday night, May 5. "Shad" Link of Baltimore meets Leo Pardello on the same evening, but two in three falls.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Is easy to use and makes good things quickly.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

HAIR GROWTH

Promoted by shampoos of CUTICURA and slight dressings of CUTICURA, the purest and sweetest of emollient skin cures. This treatment allays itching irritations, destroys hair parasites, cleanses, purifies, and beautifies, and makes the hair grow upon a clean, healthy scalp.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN
Published Daily and Sunday at 80 and 82 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.
NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.
Entered as second-class matter, March 21, 1904, at the postoffice at Boston, Mass., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Price: Daily, One Cent; Sunday, Five Cents.	
Terms: Postage included for the United States outside of Boston, Canada and Mexico.	
Daily only:	
One year	$3.00
Six months	1.50
One month	.25
Sunday only:	
One year	2.50
Six months	1.25
Daily and Sunday:	
One year	5.00
Six months	2.50
One month	.42

REPEAL GAS ACT, GO HOME, SAYS SCHAFF

Advice of Member of State Commission to Members of the General Court.

NIGHT COMMITTEE SESSION

The following bit of advice is offered to the members of the Legislature by General Morris Schaff, member of the Gas and Electric Light Commission:

"They ought to repeal the gas consolidation act of 1903 and then go home. That is what I have told members of the public lighting committee should be done. If they do anything less than that and go before their constituents next fall for reelection they will wake up to the fact that they have misunderstood public sentiment."

The General believes that the municipal ownership bill reported by the committee on public lighting yesterday should have contained a clause making the office of the manager of each plant come under the civil service rules. He believes that making the tenure of office as permanent as possible is conducive to better results than allowing terms of managers to depend on the whim of political elections.

The committee on public lighting was in executive session late into the night, at work on the really big propositions of the gas war—the matter of capitalization and repeal of the 1903 act permitting consolidation.

Would Like $25,000,000.

It is said by members of the committee that the officials of the Gas Trust desire a capitalization of $25,000,000, but that they got a majority of the committee ready to report for such a figure. They would thankfully accept a capitalization of $20,000,000, but there is not a majority of the committee ready to report in favor of even this amount. It is said by members. The Gas and Electric Light Commissioners have said that they would agree to a capitalization of $18,000,000—in fact, have told the committee so, but that proposition is not favored by a majority of the committee at the present time, although there would be a majority for that figure if others could be won over to a proposition which would deprive the commission of some of the power it now possesses and give it to the Supreme Court.

Questions Before Committee.

The questions which the committee considers are the following: Shall the consolidated companies be allowed to capitalize at $25,000,000, the amount they want? Shall they have $20,000,000 or $18,000,000, the amount they would take, and the amount the commission would give them? Shall they be allowed to capitalize at $30,000,000, the total amount of the capitalization of the constituent companies?

Shall they be allowed to capitalize at $18,000,000, which the Gas Commission has said is the valuation of their plants, with a proviso that the amount plants sold within two years and an amount of capitalization equal to the amount realized on the sale be retired, leaving questions of fact as well as law to the Supreme Court for determination? Or, shall they be allowed to capitalize at a fair valuation of their plants, cutting out of consideration the unused or practically abandoned plants? It will be in answer to these questions that the committee on public lighting will frame their report on the important bills affecting gas interests and the interests of the people.

ALEXANDER WON'T RESIGN

President of Equitable Denies Rumors of His Giving Way to Cortelyou.

NEW YORK, May 2.—President James W. Alexander of the Equitable Life Assurance Society says that he will not resign. He is in the fight to stay.

"I have never considered the subject of resigning and have no intention of doing so," said Mr. Alexander.

The announcement of the Equitable's head came with the rumors that Postmaster-General George B. Cortelyou had been offered the presidency of the society, which carries with it a salary of $100,000.

Henry C. Frick, chairman of the investigating committee, declared that Mr. Alexander's resignation has not been discussed and that neither Mr. Cortelyou nor any other man had been mentioned for the position.

Mr. Cortelyou, according to a dispatch from Washington, calmly shook his head at every mention of the Equitable affair and refused to have anything to say about it.

James Hazen Hyde got busy against both President Alexander and Second Vice-President Tarbox when he filed an affidavit with Supreme Court Justice Maddox accusing the two men of having stirred up the society's agents to demand a boycott scheme of initiation after they had assented to a compromise plan.

Mr. Hyde's supposed purpose is to have the court rule that no further amendment of the charter can be made without the consent of three-fifths of the stock. This means that his consent will be necessary.

BRIDE, KISSED, HAD SMALLPOX

Special to the Boston American.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 2.—There is consternation in Middlesex County because a bride, when the minister and all the wedding guests kissed, is down with smallpox.

Miss Magdalen Pressler and John Gaub, Jr., were married in the German Presbyterian Church at South River, Sunday, April 23. The bride had complained to friends of feeling ill and that her head ached, but this was attributed to excitement and fatigue.

Now the church has been closed, the Rev. William Kern, who married his multimillionaire parishioner and kissed the bride, is in quarantine, and all the wedding guests are being rounded up by the health officials.

FIND BODY IN HARBOR.

A body resembling that of Robert Harry of Charlestown, who has been missing since March 20, was found floating in the harbor near Grove's wharf by Captain John Freeman, of East Boston.

WELLESLEY GIRLS

Students Crown May Queen, Roll Hoops and Cheer

Armed with Soap and Water Scrub College Statue in

KIMONAS

LEADERS IN WELLESLEY CELEBRATION.

Young Ladies Celebrate May Day With Elaborate Exercises and Plenty of Fun.

Wellesley College girls celebrated May Day with elaborate exercises, and made it the fete day of the Spring season. The features of the day made it one of the most notable in the history of the students now attending the college.

The celebration began early, long before breakfast, when the seniors, trading soap kimonas and armed with pails of soap suds, assembled at College Hall centre and scrubbed the statue of Harriet Martineau, after breakfast the seniors, led by their president, Miss Carolyn Nelson, and Miss Louise Greene, rolled their hoops about the lawn for an hour, presenting a fascinating picture. Then came chapel, the services being conducted by President Hazard.

When chapel exercises were over the classes grouped on the campus and cheered themselves, each other, the college and the college president.

Frolicsome Girls Caper on the Campus and Are Entertained in Evening by President.

The whole college, attired in bright May day costumes, then played children's games, while a lusty gurdy furnished music. The feature of the frolic was the crowning of the May queen, Miss Betsy Baird, the freshman president, by President Hazard. The committee in charge consisted of Florence Cantieny, '05, chairman; Edith Kressman, '05; Helen Baird, '06; Margaret Noyes, '07; Edith Wise '08, and Juliet Pointer, '08. The junior class entertained during the evening at the annual May party tendered by President Hazard at her house.

X-RAYS GIVE HARPER LIFE

NEW YORK, May 2.—By what is known as the fluorescent treatment, the cancerous growth that but a short time ago threatened to cut short the career of Dr. Harper, president of Chicago University, has been not only checked, but wonderfully reduced.

This was the pleasing verdict, following an X-ray examination which was made here on the distinguished patient. Dr. Harper is now said to be on the high road to complete recovery. For two long hours Dr. Harper underwent an examination by Dr. William James Morton at the latter's office, No. 19 East Twenty-eighth street, and awaited the verdict of the expert with unconcealed anxiety. The result of the examination exceeded even his fondest hopes, and he walked out into the sunshine with a step as springy as a boy. Later in the afternoon at the Manhattan he received the congratulations of scores of friends.

1,000 DANCE AT GINTER EIGHTH

The eighth annual entertainment and ball given by the employes of the Ginter Grocery Company stores was held at Odd Fellow's Hall, corner of Berkeley and Tremont streets. Nearly a thousand persons attended.

Contributing to the entertainment which was given during the early part of the evening, were Master Gorman, the boy soprano; Ethel C. Ranger, vocalist of Lowell; Gene Mack, who performed a number of poplar ballads very effectively; and Harry Colgan, whose "jack and sing" dancing was warmly applauded.

The grand march was led by Mr. J. J. Buckley, floor marshal, and Mrs. Buckley. Besides the employes a number of invited guests were present, including Harry B. Denny, treasurer of the Ginter Company, and other members of the corporation. Many beautiful costumes were worn.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TRIES TO KILL MOTHER OF HIS 17 CHILDREN

Forty Years Married, Thomas Martin of Quincy Is Seized With Insane Jealousy.

QUINCY, May 2.—Married forty years, the father of seventeen grown children and within two years of being seventy years, Thomas Martin became insanely jealous of his sixty-five-year-old wife Ellen, and shot her with a revolver in their home at No. 43 Charles street, Atlantic. The bullet entered the fleshy portion of her right arm. The wound is not serious.

Of late Martin had raved about the murder and suicide by a jealous husband in South Quincy and the police think it unbalanced his mind, making him doubt his own wife. Those who know Mrs. Martin say that she is a woman of irreproachable character, and ascribe the husband's attack to dementia.

Martin entered the house and had a slight argument with his wife, in the presence of several of his children. Without any warning he drew a revolver and fired a shot at Mrs. Martin.

His aim was bad, and the bullet entered her right arm. Before he could fire another shot one of his daughters-in-law knocked him down. He picked himself up and left the house, no one paying any attention to him. The police called a patrol man to attend their mother.

Chief Harrod and Inspector Bradley were notified and hurried to the house. When they reached Martin had disappeared. Mr. Johnson was attending Mrs. Martin, but only one wound in the slightest blot where the husband was.

A boy said he saw Martin going across the fields toward Hancock street. Inspectors Bradley went after him and found him. The revolver was found in an inside pocket of his coat. The apparently surprised when told that he had shot his wife, and said that he fired the revolver merely to frighten her.

Martin came here from Northbridge about a year ago. He returned from a visit to Rutland but a few weeks ago, and so far as is known never had any trouble with his wife. On the way to the station with Inspector Bradley he asked to go around the route in which the murder and suicide occurred a week ago, and displayed great interest in that case. He remarked, regarding his family affairs: "I have stood things long enough. I've been married forty years, and have had but two years of comfort."

DIES AT WHEEL IN PILOT HOUSE

With his hands on the wheel of the government revenue cutter Commander Thomas G. Gessup, guiding it up the torturous channel of the outer post Boston light, Captain William Fairfield, more than thirty years a sailor in Boston harbor, died at the post of duty.

Standing in the pilot house of the steamer with the quartermaster, the veteran pilot was watching the boats that mark the channel, when he reeled and fell backward. The quartermaster rang the alarm and took command of the vessel, and Engineer Dodge of the revenue cutter Hamilton of the garrison sailed their boat Gallatin hard aground on Governor's Island. Fairfield ran away to sea forty years ago, and the greater part of his life had been spent as a pilot about Boston and San Francisco.

MARRIES THE MOST BEAUTIFUL WOMAN

"Mother, I have married the most beautiful woman in the world," wrote William J. Wolfe of 39 Kent street, Brookline, to his mother, Mrs. Adolph Wolfe. "Her name is Ethel." Mrs. Wolfe is now recovering from the shock. She had no idea her son was to be married, and is wondering who Ethel is. The couple are expected to visit her soon, and Mrs. Wolfe is living in anxious expectancy.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL BOSTON, MASS. 96

Bricklayers' Union, No. 3, at a crowded meeting in Caledonian Hall, voted to demand a Saturday half-holiday during the months of June, July, August and September. The demand provides that employes be paid off before 12 o'clock.

CAP MAKERS CELEBRATE.

The recent open shop victory in New York was celebrated by the Cloth, Cloth Hat and Cap Makers' Unions, Nos. 7 and 38, with a banquet and entertainment at Union Park Hall.

L. Buehr was chairman and toastmaster, and addresses were made by Messrs. Gordon, Zorn and Goldstein. The entertainment included vocal selections by Mrs. Garfin of Somerville, Mrs. Dora Greenberg and Messrs. Alexanovitz, Goldman, Lurie and six year-old Master Lachs. The committee of arrangements consisted of Messrs. Bachr, Goldman, Levin, Tobin, Lichtenstein, Wilrair, Abramson and Skolnick.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

"The trade agreement is the only means of maintaining industrial peace and preventing strikes," declared Business Agent John F. Kennedy at a smoker-talk of Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 17 at Investigator Hall. President John F. Hynes presided.

"An agreement in order to be stable and satisfactory to both parties," said Mr. Kennedy, "must be a mutual one in which the fundamental rights of each are recognized. In the drawing up of trade agreements the policy of give and take must largely enter.

"It is generally recognized that the architects of Boston will favor builders who have trade agreements rather than those who usually have trade dissensions, and the builders who have trade agreements with their respective organizations will favor sub-contractors who have agreements with their respective crafts."

Mr. Kennedy urged that Local No. 17 follow the plan of collective bargaining in presenting their 1905 agreement to employers, that they treat with their employers as a body instead of individually.

LABOR NOTES.

Business Agent William H. Pope has been elected president of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers' Union to fill the unexpired term of Edward Sullivan, resigned. Ambrose Baker has been elected secretary.

Cooks' Union admitted six new members and voted to hold a smoke talk May 28. James McLaughlin, J. H. McDonald and John T. Slattery are the committee of arrangements.

Blacksmiths' Union, No. 209, initiated three new members and received five applications.

International President Edward J. Lynch of New York outlined a meeting of Metal Polishers', Platers' and Buffers' Union, Mr. Lynch is here on a month's visit.

Action on proposed new bylaws will be taken by Woodworkers' Union, No. 24, at to-night's special meeting.

A joint meeting of teamsters will be held to-night at Grant's Hall, South Boston, under the auspices of Local No. 25, at which time the presidents and business agents of the eight Boston drivers' unions will speak.

Railroad Machinists' Lodge, No. 367, holds a special meeting to-night to elect a president and vice-president.

Iron, Tinning and Metal Laithers' Assembly, No. 1,830, K. of L., meets to-night at 30, 45 Elliot street.

BURGLAR USES HOOK ON HORSE

"The man who broke into my stable must be the meanest man on earth. He is a thief and a brute," said Daniel J. Kelley of Harris street, Malden, after finding that a burglar had stolen several small articles and in wanton cruelty had taken a stable hook and beaten a fine driving horse. The animal's hide was pierced in several places by the sharp point of the hook and his body was covered with blood and welts. Mr. Kelley entered the stable at Highland avenue and Pleasant street. The motive of the burglar in maltreating the horse is a mystery.

FORMER INSPECTOR, 73, WEDS WIDOW, 35

WAKEFIELD, May 2.—Friends of William H. McCausland, former police inspector of Boston, were greatly surprised at the news that he had been married to Mrs. Lilla W. Sawyer of Melrose.

Mrs. Sawyer, whose maiden name was Lilla Williamson, was a widow thirty-five years old, while Mr. McCausland is said to be seventy-three years of age.

AT LAST
New 10-inch Disc Records..50c
New 10-inch Leads Disc Records..25c
Fit any Disc Machine.
$30 Disc Machines.....14.98
Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.
Boston Talking Machine Exchange,
95 Summer St., Boston.
Open Saturday Evenings.

The bachelor says the marriage certificate is a goose-paper.
—Vorenberg's Philosophy.

That fifty dollar effect
Backed up by quality, style and common sense prices, is what has made the Vorenberg clothes the most widely known and popularly worn ready-for-service clothes in Boston to-day.
We show ten styles where other stores show one, and offer you as good a hand-tailored suit or top coat as any man cares to wear for
$15
SPRING UNDERWEAR
At mill prices—for instance, we sell the Hanmer's Mesh and Quaker Balbriggan Undergarments that sell the world over for 75c, here at.....48c
Vorenberg's
The Big Store
With Little Prices
Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

25 NEW CADETS ON ENTERPRISE

Twenty-five candidates took the special entrance examination to matriculate on the Massachusetts Nautical Training ship Enterprise, on board the ship at the North End Park. Members of the Nautical Training Commission were present during the day and at the close of the examination declared themselves well pleased with the prospects for the coming year.

SHEET MUSIC
A SPECIAL OFFER.
Witmark's Famous (25c Postpaid) Dance Folio
This Book Consists of 24 Excellent Compositions by Eminent Composers.
We are offering to our patrons this week a music folio that should particularly appeal to them; that is, from a musical point of view, as this book contains 24 of the finest as well as the most meritorious compositions published, and all for 25 cents, postpaid.
We give you below a few of the musical gems contained in this folio:
"The Message of a Violet," the song HIT of "The Prince of Pilsen," arranged as a waltz; "Goodbye, Little Girl, Good-bye," the great march song HIT of the country, arranged as a two-step; "You're the Flower of My Heart, Sweet Adeline," the beautiful ballad that has met with such universal favor, arranged as a waltz; the well-known "Just Because You're the Sweetheart of Mine," "I'm On the Water Wagon Now," "Tessie," "You Are the Only, Only, Only," and many other splendid numbers.
It is a treat to get for the small sum of 25 cents, postpaid, a folio of such exceptional merit,
the following latest vocal and instrumental successes of the season published:
AT 17c Per Copy or Any 3 for Send two cents for our complete catalogue containing all the popular vocal and instrumental music published. 50 Cents Postpaid
Vocal.
Farewell, Sweetheart May. (Chas. K. Harris' latest and greatest success.)
In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree.
Will Meet You at the Crossroads, Nellie Dear. (By writer of You're as Welcome as the Flowers in May.)
Sylvia. (Song hit from Lew Dockstader's Minstrels.)
Just Across the Bridge of Gold. (Sentational descriptive hit by composer of "The Mansion of Aching Hearts.")
When the Harvest Moon Is Shining on Shone On You. (Lew Dockstader's big hit.)
Blue Bell.
Where the Mocking Birds Were Singing.
How Can I Forget You, Dreaming of You and the While?
Since I Learned to Love You. (By writer of "Goodbye, Little Girl, Good-Bye.")
My Love I Dare Not Tell. (Song hit from "The Medal and the Maid.")
Down Where the Swanee River Flows. We're Out For a Jolly Good Time.
Instrumental.
Bouquet of Roses (splendid set of waltzes).
The Troubadour (two-step intermezzo by composer of "The Gondolier").
A String of Pearls (pretty teaching piece).
An Easter Emblem.
Kooniwa Koffee Klatsch. (March and two-step.)
Princess Royal Schottische.
Kentucky Belles (Two-step).
Cornfield Capers. (By Harry Von Tilzer.)
Violets and Roses. (Flower song.)
Star of the Sea (Vocal or Instrumental).
Simple Life (Valse lente).
Hazel Blossoms (Reverie).
At Sundown (Reverie).
Vocal.
She Waits by the Deep Blue Sea. (By the composer of "Blue Bell.")
Violets, Sweet Violets.
Go On and Coax Me. (By Harry Von Tilzer.)
Please Come and Play in My Yard.
Sweet Sana-oe. (From "The School Girl.")
Tell Me That Beautiful Story. (By composer of "Teasing.")
Dark, Dark, Dark. (Coon song hit.)
Lew Dockstader's big song hit from the Dockstader Minstrels.)
I Only Ask, Remember Me.
Alone In This Wide World, Alone.
The Man with the Ladder and the Hose. (Great fireman song.)
I Am Going to Leave You. (By writer of "Goodbye, My Lady Love.")
Meet Me in St. Louis, Louis.
Mamma's Boy.
You're a Welcome as the Flowers in May.
My Heart's Tonight in Tennessee. (By writer of "When the Sunset Turns the West to Gold.")
Why Don't They Play with Me?
I'm Trying So Hard to Forget You. (By Chas. K. Harris.)
Nobody Knows You.
Twilight Song.
Instrumental.
A Trip to Niagara March. (One of the prettiest marches published. Over 50,000 copies sold up to date.)
Love's Garden. (Beautiful set of waltzes.)
Dream of Madrid. (Spanish waltzes by Paul Eduard.)
(Intermezzo Unique.)
An Autumn Wooing.
A Sprig of Shillelah. (By composer of "A Bit o' Blarney.")
Dance of the Zephyrs. (Schottische caprice.)
Falling Leaves. (Intermezzo.)
Laces and Graces. (By composer of "Cozy Corner.")
Parsifal. (Blended melodies from the opera.)
Gondolier. (Two-step.)
Vocal.
Keep a Little Cozy Corner in Your Heart for Me. (By the composer of "I've Got a Feelin' for You.")
Im Going to Meet Birdie Tonight.
Waiting With the Girl You Love.
The latest success by the writer of "Won't You Take a Trip in My Airship.")
Every Little Bit Helps. (Great coon song.)
Somebody's Waiting for Me.
Sunday Morning When the Church Bells Ring.
Way Down East Among the Shady Magnolia Trees.
I've Got a Feelin' For You.
Once Upon a Trip in the Airship.
Abraham. (Late coon song hit by writer of "Goodbye, Little Girl, Good-Bye.")
You're the Flower of My Heart, Sweet Adeline.
Good-bye, Little Girlie, Good-bye.
Just Ahead of the Sunset Across the Ocean's Blue to Gold.
Don't Cry, Katie, Dear.
Good Night, Beloved, Good Night.
When the Sweet Dusk Has Fallen.
Maggie, Dear. (By composer of "Won't You Come Over.")
Here's a Dark Man Coming With a Bundle. (Lew Dockstader's hit in 1904.)
In the City of Sighs and Tears.
The Sweet Bye and Bye. (Song of the Stream. (Beautiful rustic ballad.)
Instrumental.
College Life. (March.)
A Gay Gossoon. (March and two-step.)
Polly Primrose March. (Vocal or Instrumental.)
Rounding to the Gloaming. (Reverie by Paul Eduard.)
A Pompeiian Rose (one set of waltzes).
Mardi Gras Flowers. (Gavotte.)
Merry Bachelor. (Two-step.)
The Pallisade. (Persian march.)
Romance. (Waltz.)
Uncle Sammy. (March and two-step.)
Elemental Love. (Reverie.)
Girlhood Days. (Two-step.)
A Princeton Tiger. (March and two-step.)
Bashful Betty. (Two-step.)
Sifted Sweetness. (Waltzes.)
Remit in draft or money order on New York, or in U. S. postage stamps in good condition.
AMERICAN MUSIC LIBRARY
1789 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

SANATORIUM FAIR, GOAL OF SMART THRONG

Society Sets Seal on Brilliant Bazaar in Aid of Sharon Institution.

ORIENTAL MAGNIFICENCE

Because of the cleverness with which it has been arranged and its inherent attractiveness, society has enthusiastically set its seal of favor on the bazaar that is being held in Horticultural Hall for the benefit of the Sharon sanatorium for consumptives. The fair is to continue up to tomorrow evening at 10 o'clock.

Miss Alice Roosevelt and Miss Eleanor Sears were visitors at the bazaar yesterday. Miss Roosevelt bought a French hat at the millinery booth and took a chance on the Eliot Lee Essex watch. Mrs. John L. Gardner is assisting with the management of the bazaar by opening a part of her home in the Fenway as a Japanese village.

Interesting Program.

An interesting program was offered during the afternoon and evening. There were Eastern dances by "Sutu"; trick bicycle riding by "Billy" Chamberlain; the appearance of the great Italian magician, Signor Frank Chefalo; dancing of the tarantula by Miss Edith Rotch; the famous Sabot dance by Miss Dorothy Forbes and Miss Emily Bacon, and the marionettes by Mr. Tilo. At eight there was a grand concert by the Hanzy Natay Hungarian Band from the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York.

In addition to the various stalls, there were buffet luncheon, tea, and table d'hote dinners served. The luncheons were in charge of Mrs. Frederick Thayer. Tea was served by Mrs. Alfred R. Weld and the table d'hote dinners, which were served from 6 to 8 o'clock, were in charge of Mrs. Jacob Hecht.

Under Italian skies are oriental stalls filled with artistic novelties. As the visitors walk through the Italian streets meeting beautifully costumed women going in and out of the little shops, decorated on the outside with carvings and stucco adornments, a gay with foreign banners, shields and emblems, with statuary above, they stop to admire the beautiful rugs and lamps from Arabia and Hindostan. Then they come to a booth where delicacies from Portugal, the Hawaiian Islands and France can be procured.

The basket stall nearby includes novelties from the Orient. A few steps from the street is a Mexican market place with its bugle where flowers and refreshments are sold. Oddly costumed women sell pottery and many other articles from that tropical country.

One of the most interesting places is the tent of Dr. W. L. Smith, formerly physician to the Shah of Persia.

Curious Collection.

The covering over the tent is hand woven and is said to be 400 years old. On the floor are Royal Bengal tiger skins, African deer and other rare skins, while standing about are curious old kettles, lamps and brasses. One kettle, hanging in gypsy fashion, was presented to Dr. Smith by the Shah on a hunting trip.

The picturesque occupants of the attendants, who represent the most fashionable society in Boston, are interesting. Many of the beautiful women were costumes made up of heirlooms that had lain for years in chests—exquisite foreign fabrics and embroideries that belonged to their ancestors. Mrs. Bacon, who served Turkish coffee, wore white plumpoise cloth embroidered in silver. Mrs. Richards, at the Parisian booth, was quite irresistible, while Mrs. Quincy Shaw was regal in robes and attire.

Mr. John L. Gardner opened her beautiful white and gold music room as a Japanese village.

There is a Japanese village inhabited by real Japanese. A Jinrikesha in charge of a Jap is trundled in and down.

There is a curious stage show at different hours in the afternoon, in which an exhibition of jiu jitsu is given under the direction of Professor Yoshimitsu of Harvard.

Among the well-known people present yesterday afternoon were General and Mrs. Nelson A. Miles, Mrs. Winston Churchill, who raffled off some lace and Japanese embroidery; Mrs. Arthur Lyman, Mrs. Reginald Taylor, wife of General Taylor; Mrs. Coolidge, Jr., T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., Mrs. Ogden Codman and Mrs. Owen Jaisgl.

Mrs. Gardner was everywhere, looking after the comfort and entertainment of her guests, gracious to all and ready to give any information asked for. She was dressed in a black canvas dress, the tailored skirt made up with three deep flounces and worn with a bolero effect, trimmed with black silk and made with flaring sleeves. A large black Neapolitan straw hat, prettily plain, and worn with a black dotted veil, completed the quiet look of the hat, short-waisted white gauntlets, a gold-handled parasol and slender gold chain completed her costume.

SOME OF THE SMART SET WOMEN AT THE POP CONCERTS.
Sketched by Boston American Staff Artist.

WINTRY WEATHER FAILS TO CHILL BOSTON'S WELCOME FOR 'POP' SEASON

SMART SET ASSURES SUCCESS OF 20TH YEAR OF POPULAR CONCERTS.

"Pops" redivivus!

Boston gives kindly welcome again to the "Pop" concerts, which have entered on their twentieth season in Symphony Hall under a welcome so genial that even Winter weather could not chill it.

You remember that good fellow, Dan Daly, in his feature song—

"Same old story—Nothing new."

Just so—same old "Pops."

Not so terribly old at that, only twenty years, just enough to get under the police listing this month of May. But old enough to be part of even conservative Boston. And so well established in its good points that "nothing new" in the best Boston wishes of it.

There were the same players, practically the same, the Symphony musicians.

Again in Bohemia.

There was the same bland Adamowski, Timothee of that name, wielding the baton with practiced ease. There were the delightful music and golden hall, the cosy tables, the Bohemian clink of glasses and still more Bohemian wreaths and clouds of cigar and cigarette smoke, the same old audience—not so, the same audience, but much of it charmingly young and fair.

To-day Messrs. Comee and Ellis, the men who manage the "Pops," are pleased that Boston did so prettily on the opening night. For it looked in the afternoon as though the "pass" ever sacred music and even the semi-lyric "Pops."

But society remembered Brothers Ellis and Comee and the "Pops," and when Conductor Adamowski raised his baton for the "Black Bess" march the cosy little tables about the central floor were well filled with the "real" ladies showing a goodly number of patrons. So, from this auspicious beginning the management argues a prosperous season for the "Pops."

The Proper Program.

The opening night opened quickly. Classic music—not too classic, the cheerful strains of light operatic numbers, snappy popular compositions, the popping of corks, the crooks of matches lighting for the smokers, the rubber-clink of the glasses, the "shipshy" of the waiters scurrying busily to and fro, the hum of light talk, all tempted into that ensemble which makes the "Pops" a smart Bohemia. If such adjective can be applied to anything Bohemian.

The program was judiciously selected, a little of Wagner, a dash of Tschaikowski, a bit of Wagner for musical ballast, some of Victor Herbert's "Babes in Toyland" and Luders' "Show-gun" for merriment, and so on, not too heavy for the popular mind, not too light for the "really, truly" musician.

And the music was as it should be. So much for criticism.

Smart Set in Evidence.

The "first night" audience included such ladies as these: Mrs. John L. Gardner and Miss Isabella Stone, Miss May Desmond of London, Major and Mrs. Henry L. Higginson, Misses Juliet and Barbara Higginson, Alexander Higginson and Julian Fox, Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Richmond, Otto Roth, Mme. Emile A. Marlus, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McQueston, Mr. and Mrs. H. Staples Peirce, Captain and Mrs. W. H. Alline, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas O. Rogers, Courtenay Guild, Mr. and Mrs. Lilie Bedard, Baines

$800,000 SUIT AGAINST A BIG FIRM IN COURT

Henry P. Smith Sues to Recover Share of Profits in Noted Boston Concern.

SAYS HE WAS FORCED OUT

Before Judge Bishop in the third session of the Suffolk court the hearing of the suit of Henry P. Smith against Calvin Chase and others for $800,000 on an equity proceeding was continued and tried.

Mr. Smith was the first witness called. He stated that he had been connected with the Chase & Sanborn Company as agent, the business of which the suit is against, for many years, and that he was brought, for about sixteen years, to Boston from Chicago in January 1, 1887, and during that time he was hired, financial agent, and then was admitted as co-partner in the company.

Mr. Smith stated that he was a co-partner in the company from January 1, 1894, to January 1, 1903, during which renewal contract of copartnership was drawn up and signed, and he testified that May 19, 1897, he was unjustly forced out of the company, and that he has since been unable to secure his share of the profits of the business, which he claims he should have been a partner entitled to receive.

Admit Co-Partnership.

The defendants, in their answer, deny such and every point of the plaintiff's declaration, admitting, however, that at one time such a partnership did exist, but claiming that the partnership was legally dissolved May 19, 1897, by mutual agreement, and Mr. Smith was paid in full for his interest in settlement of any claim which he might at that time have against the company by the partnership.

The suit was originally brought against Calvin Chase, Charles A. Sanborn, James A. Sanborn and Charles G. Sias, comprising the firm of Chase & Sanborn, for attainment for $800,000 against their property, which was attached in the original suit by the plaintiff, Henry P. Smith, Jr., on July 23, 1903, a motion to dissolve the attachment and to hear the evidence in the case was denied by Judge Sheldon in the Superior Court.

James S. Sanborn died May 11, 1903, and Albert E. Sanborn died January 8, 1905, thus leaving Chase and Sias the joint defendants.

Surplus of $390,307.

Mr. Smith on the stand said that at the time a notice was published in Boston papers stating that the firm of Chase and Sanborn was dissolved and that he, the plaintiff, had retired from the firm, he knew nothing of the transaction until after it was published. He stated, however, that he had retired May 19, 1897. He said that he was subsequently forced to sign a memorandum as assignment of his co-partnership interest in the firm.

The plaintiff testified that on January 1, 1897, the firm had a surplus of $390,307 invested in government and municipal bonds, which he claimed should have been instrumental in making.

Mr. Smith was put through a searching examination by his counsel, Judge Lincoln and Samuel Wright of this city. The case is to be continued tomorrow.

MUSICIANS AT ODDS ON PARADE

Knights Templar Have Engaged Government Bands; Union Enters Protest.

The parade and review of the grand commanderies of the Knights Templar of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, which is was announced to take place in Boston on May 24, may have to be abandoned owing to opposition from the Boston Musicians' Protective Union.

Two government bands have been engaged for the occasion, the Marine band and Full Navy. These two bands are not affiliated with the Musicians' Union, and by the constitution of the union no member can play in a parade with a non-union band.

Efforts have been made by Edwin A. Franklin, president of the Musicians' Union, to have the two bands withdraw, but hence the government bands that engaged, in case they withdraw, will have to be paid considerable by the Knights that they have engaged them, and the Knights will not release themselves from that contract.

So far Thomas W. Lawson, Grand Master Right Eminent Sir Duncan J. Flanders, grand commander of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and Sir Knight Edwin A. Franklin have been unable to come to any agreement, and as a result the parade may be called off.

The grand commanderies of the Knights Templar of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, which is to be the biggest event in all fraternal circles. This constitution of the union requires that no member of the union shall

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

TANNEHILL TO TOE MARK FOR CHAMPS TO-DAY

Chesbro is Griffith's Choice for the Slab Against Collins's Men.

GREAT BATTLE ASSURED

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	7	3	.700
Philadelphia	7	5	.583
Chicago	8	6	.571
Washington	8	6	.571
Cleveland	8	6	.571
St. Louis	6	7	.462
Detroit	5	8	.385
BOSTON	2	10	.286

ONE YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
BOSTON	10	2	.833
Philadelphia	8	4	.667
Chicago	8	6	.571
Detroit	7	6	.538
St. Louis	6	6	.500
Cleveland	5	8	.385
Washington	0	10	.000

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

BOSTON at New York.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Chicago.
St. Louis at Detroit.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At New York—Boston, 4; New York, 3 (11 innings).
At Detroit—St. Louis, 6; Detroit, 0.
At Philadelphia—Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 4.

Total attendance (20 games).....206,770

BATTING ORDER.

BOSTON.	NEW YORK.
Burkett, l. f.	Ingerson, r. f.
Parent, s. s.	Keeler, r. f.
Stahl, c. f.	Elberfield, s. s.
Collins, 3b.	Williams, 2b.
Freeman, r. f.	Anderson, c. f.
Grimshaw, 1b.	Conroy, 3b.
Ferris, 2b.	Chase, 1b.
Criger, c.	McGuire, c.
Tannehill, p.	Chesbro, p.

Umpire—O'Loughlin.

AMERICAN LEAGUE GROUNDS, New York, May 2.—The cards having broken good for once this year, the Champs felt more like themselves this afternoon, and Collins figured confidently on putting another New York scalp under his belt.

The weather continues to be more fitted for snowballs than baseball, but things generally were not so chilly as they were yesterday. The sun shone brightly and the wind was not so strong.

Happy Jack Attracts Fans.

It was noised around that Chesbro would be sent in to pitch, and as a result the fans turned out in larger numbers than on the previous day. They were mostly of the fair-to-the-soul variety, as the day was far too cold for comfort.

Chesbro is not tuned up to concert pitch. He has been suffering from a cold, and his sides in right wing has been sore and lame and not completely recovered. But Griffith said he was the best man available and unless some of the other men warmed up better than "Happy Jack," the latter would go in to serve up his soft ball.

It was Tannehill's turn to hold up the Boston end. The famous left-hander has pitched good ball this season, except one game in Philadelphia, and Collins told the reporters that Jesse would do the twirling unless something turned up at the last minute to cause him to change his mind.

Criger, who helped win the game yesterday with a crashing three-bagger in the seventh inning, was quite ready to don the mask and chest protector. With this exception in line again Collins's feels that his team is greatly strengthened.

Selbach Hitting Hard.

There is some comment here on the action of Collins in sending Selbach to the bench as soon as Stahl was ready to play again. Some of the close observers thought Boston's chances would have been improved had Collins laid Freeman off and placed Selbach in right field, as the latter has been doing about the best hitting on the team in the games he has played. But, at that, everybody realizes that Captain Jimmy knows his business as well as any ball player in the country.

WATCH CHAMPS FROM THIS OUT, SAYS SAM CRANE

BY SAM CRANE.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, May 2.—It was to "Farmer Cy" Young to whom most of the credit belongs for winning the eleven-inning game. He was at his very best. He was batted for three earned runs in the fourth inning, but was invincible to the other ten innings.

The Highlanders had at least a half-dozen chances to win out, but the necessary hit was never forthcoming. When it came down to an issue as in the hit or strike out, "Old Cy" was always there with the proper bender and the control.

Young did not give a base on balls and struck out twelve locals.

It was Young's timely single in the eleventh inning that sent in Criger with the winning run. The latter slant the ball over third for a three-base hit after Peerls had been retired, and Young followed with a scorcher through Williams that couldn't have been improved in with a net.

Hogg puzzled the Bostons not a little. Of the three runs scored off him in five innings, only one was earned. His wild pitch was very costly.

Orth was very effective up to the eleventh inning. At looks to be good.

Grimshaw made an excellent impression in his fielding.

The Champions appeared yesterday to have reached their stride. Watch 'em from this out.

CHIMES BELL GOING FAST

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 2.—There are going to be many weighed here, and quite a month ahead in speed of any season for the last ten years. Quarters are being done at a 2:10½ gait by a hundred horses. Chimes Bell, by Chimes, dam by Liberty Bell, in Clem Beachey's stable, worked a half in 1:03⅝, a 2:11½ gait.

The mysterious roan mare Mollie O., said to be by Young Jim, and to have a record of 2:10½, has been sold to H. S. Morrow of Lexington. She has worked a two-minute clip without hoppies, and acts like an old racer.

Notes of the Diamond.

Cincinnati, as usual, registers the first kick against an umpire. The row between Billy Klein, who they claim is a few chips shy of Big Chief Zimmer and Angle Moran. A good name for the Reds would be "Kelley's Kickers."

* * *

Willie Sudhoff, who was slated for release by Manager McAleer of the St. Louis Browns, had only one run scored on him in his two games.

* * *

Harry Bemis is certainly one of the best pinch hitters playing to-day. Whenever it is up to the Cleveland backstop to send, with a single, he is their with the goods, nine times out of ten.

GIANTS, HALL AND DAHLEN

This picture of Outfielder Hall, who is a utility man, and Shortstop Dahlen, was taken by the BOSTON AMERICA camera man in the practice before the game.

HALL. DAHLEN.

DUMMY TAYLOR TO FACE TENNEYITES

BATTING ORDER.

NEW YORK.	BOSTON.
Donlin, c. f.	Cannell, r. f.
Strang, r. f.	Tenney, lb.
Bresnahan, c.	Abbaticchio, s. s.
Merrin, l. f.	Westerveldt, 2b.
Dahlen, s. s.	Barclay, l. f.
Devlin, 3b.	Sharpe, c. f.
Gilbert, 2b.	Kleinow, 2b.
Bowerman, lb.	Needham, c.
Taylor, p.	Willetts, p.

Parading with the champion Giants in the same band wagon is no easy task, and the Tenneyites tackled the hardest proposition of the season, because the schedule makers arranged these games so early. But when they are once over, the New Yorkers will be given a wide path, and the Tenneyites will saw wood by wreaking vengeance on some of the other teams who are not quite the same kind of timber as the Giants.

Baseball has its up and downs, and that the Giants are not unbeatable was proven by the victory wrought by the lowly Superbas, which shows that it is possible for the Tenneyites to do likewise. Tenney's teammates have all the fighting spirit needed to make the Giants hustle, and the second game in the series this afternoon is just as likely to go their way if the leaders fall off the least bit in their championship gait.

Tenney Is Full of Ginger.

The team has got some ginger, and the players are on the jump when the bell rings. With the pitchers doing the right thing, the support is there to combine, and the team will make it interesting before the mid-season.

The Giants are the hardest nut to crack for any team, but the series is not likely to become an easy jaunt for the Gotham men, and with the two best pitchers out of the way they will have all they can handle in the local team.

Jess Willetts may do the pitching stunt to-day, and the Giants hold no terrors for him, as he has beaten them before, and is fit to do the act again.

Dummy Taylor May Pitch.

It is probable that McGraw will send in Dummy Taylor to twist the pellet against the Tenneyites. It is said that he is one of the hardest men in the business for base-runners to steal on, as he intuitively knows when a runner is about to take a chance. Taylor is a curiosity as a ball player, for, while bereft of the senses of speech and hearing, his other faculties are particularly well trained, and he ranks high in the profession. All the New York players are acquainted with the sign language and converse fluently with the player during the progress of the game. Taylor rarely makes any trouble for the umpires, and he is one of the members of the aggressive Giants into whom Muggsy McGraw has failed to instill the kicking spirit.

He is not rated in the same class with Matthewson and McGinnity, but is equal to them in fielding his position and he won his three contests against Boston last year, while the other pair won thirteen between them.

Mike Bresnahan is filling in at backstop with the same success that attended his fielding a year ago, which allows the shifting of Bowerman to first base till Mcginn gets back.

An invitation was extended to the champion Giants Monday to attend the performances in Boston of "Woodland" at the Tremont Theatre and "Floradora" at the Majestic. Manager McGraw's athletes naturally accepted this kind invitation, and President John T. Brush of the Gotham team as a reciprocal move invited the members of both companies to attend the baseball game to-day between the champion Bostons and Manager Fred Tenney's Bostons. This means that a host of pretty members of the gentler sex will be in the grand stand at the South End park to-day to see the game and applaud their favorites of the contending clubs.

NOTES OF THE GAME.

Those in the sun seats were the best off.

All the old fans were at the park. The Giants are a big attraction.

* * *

John Dunn chatted with Mr. Brush on baseball matters. The new owner of the Nationals is a steady attendant at the games.

* * *

Big Cannell made a great catch off Gilbert in the third and had Devlin, who ran from first to third, easily doubled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	7	3	.700
Pittsburg	6	4	.600
Chicago	5	4	.556
Philadelphia	5	4	.556
Cincinnati	4	5	.444
Brooklyn	3	6	.333
Boston	3	6	.333
St. Louis	2	7	.222

ONE YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	8	2	.800
Brooklyn	7	3	.700
Chicago	6	3	.667
Cincinnati	5	4	.556
St. Louis	4	5	.444
BOSTON	3	6	.333
Pittsburg	3	6	.333
Philadelphia	2	7	.222

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

BOSTON at New York and South End, Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At South End grounds—New York, 8; Boston, 3.
At Cincinnati—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 0.
At St. Louis—Pittsburg, 2; St. Louis, 1.
At Brooklyn—Philadelphia, 4; Brooklyn, 2.
Total attendance—Five games.....

ABE ATTELL TOYED WITH JIMMY DUNN

Special to the Boston American.

SHARON, Pa., May 2.—Abe Attell, of San Francisco, met Jimmy Dunn, of Newcastle, for the Nonpareil Athletic Club, of South Sharon, in a twelve-round bout.

Although Dunn got a draw, it was apparent to everybody that he was outclassed, for Attell did not exert himself at any time and was as fresh at the finish as when he entered the ring.

In the first round but eight blows were exchanged, Dunn forced the fighting and swung wildly. Attell was cool and displayed great footwork. From the second round Attell landed wherever and when ever he pleased and simply toyed with Dunn.

GOODWIN WON'T BOX.

Patsy Flaherty, matchmaker of the Douglas Athletic Club, seems to be up in the air for a match for the Chelsea citizen for this week, as Chester Goodwin refused to meet Matty Baldwin, saying that he has beaten the Charlestown kid twice and that the bout wouldn't draw.

HARVARD OARSMEN MAY ADOPT OCTUPLE SHELL

Several old birds of Harvard have made a study of advantages of octuple shell rowing as applied to racing and will try to have Harvard and Yale adopt the new rig for the carsmen of these universities now use eight-oared shells in their big annual races on the Thames, but it is proposed to give the sixteen-oar sails boat a chance to show its merits some time next season.

Eight men form the crew of the octopedy, so called, each man plying two oars. Instead of their being two sweeps a side as in case of the eight-oared craft, the crew of the octuple row like as many scullers, the form being decidedly pleasing to the eye, and the speed gained by the full banks of oars is faster than that of any boat propelled by the same number alone.

A well-known ex-Harvard oarsman went to Harlem River in New York last week to see some of the mysteries of "the science" manipulate the eight pairs of sculls and was captivated by the superb appearance of the men. The rowing, he said, seemed as smooth as swimming a speedy cotton.

Some college men have set bloys as to the superiority of the eight-oared boat for racing. The oarsman said to a representative of the BOSTON AMERICAN, "but I am sure they would change their belief if they watched an octuple shell go along. I dare say there may be great opposition to any change, but it is bound to come.

"We may have to start with a quadruple scull at first, but if we do that it will be the entering wedge.

"I saw in the octuple shell, with its sixteen sculls going like one piece of machinery, the death of the eight-oared craft.

It is proposed to hold an inter-city octuple race and it is said plans are being made to have Boston, New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Chicago pick representative crews of eight men each for the octuple contest for the championship in connection with the National Association regatta at Baltimore in August.

BUTLER FARMED BY CARDINALS

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, May 2.—President Pulliam of the National Baseball League announces the following contract and releases:

Contract: With Boston, Victor G. Willis.

Releases: By Chicago—Otto Williams, to New Orleans; L. F. Mitchell, to Portland (P. C. L.), and Arthur L. Pennell, to Colorado Springs. By St. Louis, Jack Taylor, to Kansas City. By Cincinnati—Arthur Hueiskoetter, to Denver.

JIMMY WALSH HAD BETTER OF LOGAN

Special to the Boston American.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 2.—In a fast six-round bout at the Washington Sporting Club, Jimmy Walsh of Boston had the better of Phil Logan of this city. There was a long delay because of Logan's failing to make the weight, and it looked for a time as if the mixup would be called off.

Logan agreed to make 122 pounds, but when he weighed in he was eight pounds over the limit, 130 pounds. They agreed to break clean and come away when ordered by the referee. This they did, giving the official no trouble.

For the first three rounds the bout was fast and all in the Boston boy's favor.

Walsh went right after his man at the opening of the third. He sent his right hard to the heart, left to the jaw and hooked the right under the ear without a return. Logan did not seem to have any steam behind his blows and was boxing so openly that Walsh crawled right in and pummeled him until he went to his corner in distress. After the third Walsh seemed to let up. He was not so aggressive as at the opening of the fight and contented himself with long leads.

Logan tried hard to fight back in the next round and made some of the fast ground, but Jimmy met him with stiff rights and lefts to the region of the heart that took all the power out of him.

DODGE A MARVEL IN HARVARD GAMES

TRACK ATHLETICS:

The annual Spring handicap games held at Harvard were carried through under the coldest and most discouraging weather conditions, but one bright ray of sunshine helped warm the otherwise decidedly chilly atmosphere. This was the work of the freshman, L. P. Dodge, in the sprints. Dodge came from the Lawrence School with a reputation as a sprinter, but no one expected him to work the way he did.

He won both the sprints, the hundred in the very excellent time of 0:10 seconds and the two-twenty in 24 2-5 seconds.

Both these performances are remarkable, although he had handicaps in both events. In the hundred he started with a handicap of three yards and in the longer sprint with two yards.

There was a stiff head wind blowing when Dodge ran his races, so that, all things considered, it was a marvellous performance. Dodge was hailed as a second "Bill" Schick on the heels of his work.

No other men stood out very prominently as a result of their work. Howard Turner, '06, won the mile in a stirring race in the good time of 4 minutes 30⅘ seconds, with a thirty-yard start.

Chapin Brinsmade, '07, won the half-mile run with a handicap of fifteen yards in two minutes flat. H. H. Whitman, '06, who ran from scratch in this event, made a good bid for first, finishing a good second. His performance showed great promise.

A. W. Soule, '06, O. F. Rogers, '08, and J. F. Doyle showed well in the hurdles. The weather was too cool for the men to show their real form. Dodge's form and speed marked him as a winner, though, for a worthy travelling companion for Captain Schick.

BASERALL:

Harvard took a fall out of Andover on the diamond at Andover to the tune of 6-4. The schoolboys outbatted the collegians, but they were weak in the field.

Up to the eighth inning Andover led, 4 to 2, but again in the eighth with two out Harvard rallied and pulled out three runs and the game.

With two down McCarty was hit and passed to first, Spencer then laid down a single, his third of the game, and Schoenfus reached first on an error by Cushman, Andover's shortstop. With the bases full, Bradbury lined the ball to centre. Parette made a mess of handling the ball and by the time he had finished playing the ball Spencer, McCarty, Spencer and Schoenfus had scored.

Paul Coburn was substituted for Castle in the sixth inning and held the schoolboys safe the rest of the way.

Clough, captain and first base for Andover, hit the ball in great shape in both times at bat he got three clean hits, two of them ringing doubles.

Matthews and Coburn, both old Andover boys, got warm receptions from their old school-mates.

Harvard meets Colby at Cambridge tomorrow.

BENEFIT FOR ROGERS' FAMILY

A big benefit to the family of the late William H. Rogers by the management of the Boston National baseball team will take place on the afternoon of May 11 when Chicago plays Boston at the South End grounds.

Percy Rogers was business manager for the club for twenty years and did faithful service for his employers, and the Triumvirate wants to show its appreciation in a substantial way.

Mr. Rogers died promptly in New York after a short illness and his many friends in this city were greatly shocked by his death.

Hundreds of all tickets for the benefit will go to the family of the deceased. Tickets will be on sale at Connolly's and Wright & Ditson's.

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Fall River—Manchester, 5; Fall River, 4.
At New Bedford—New Bedfords, 9; Concord, 8.
At Nashua—Lynn, 9; Nashua, 3.
At Lowell—Lowell-Haverhill (postponed).

TWIN SULLIVAN ON WARPATH

Mike "Twin" Sullivan feels that he must concede liberal inducements to get on matches with Peter Sullivan or Jimmy Gardner. He says: "I will agree to meet Peter Sullivan and Jimmy Gardner at the Portland, Maine Club in the same ring one after the other for six rounds each, or will take on Honey Mellody, who calls himself the welter-weight champion, if I don't give the sports a run for their money I will not accept any for my end. Johnnie Sullivan of the Eastern A. C. can pick any of the touted lightweights for me, even Joe Gans, the colored king. It is pretty tough when I am willing to meet the best of them I am accused of taking on soft things. I admit that I will take soft money any time I can get it and there are few in any business who will refuse it."

BASEBALL WEATHER TODAY

These reports were made at noon today:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Philadelphia, clear, 3:45 p. m.
At Boston—New York, clear, 3:30 p. m.
At Cincinnati—Chicago, clear, 3:30 p. m.
At St. Louis—Pittsburg, clear, 3:30 p. m.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At New York—Boston, clear, 4 p. m.
At Philadelphia—Washington, clear, 3:30 p. m.
At Detroit—St. Louis, cloudy, 3:30 p. m.
At Chicago—Cleveland, clear, 3:30 p. m.

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FOR A FIRST-CLASS DINNER
BEST OF ORDER COOKING.
Choicest Wines, Liquors, Beers and Cigars.
GEO. BLEILER, JR., Prop.
82 BEDFORD ST., BOSTON

PURITY
A Victory for
TRIUNE ALE

In these days of adulterated ales, we feel the public will be gratified to read the following letter, which speaks for itself:

Boston, Mass., April 28, 1905.

McCormick Brewery Co., Boston, Mass.:
Gentlemen—I have analyzed the sample of Triune Ale, brewed by your company, with the following results:

Specific Gravity	1.00706
Absolute Alcohol (by weight)	6.5 p. c.
Total Solid Extract	4.58
Sugar	1.4
Ash	0.219

I pronounce this "Triune" Ale a pure and wholesome beverage in every respect. Respectfully submitted,
DR. J. W. BAIRD,
Professor of Analytical Chemistry, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy.

Your Hotel, Restaurant or Cafe, or any first-class Bar can supply you, or phone the Brewery for a case sent to your home.

McCormick Brewery Co.
Telephone 144 Roxbury.
Bottling Dept.
Telephone, 6 Roxbury, Boston
Founded 1820

Boston American Daily Home Magazine

WHY MEN DON'T MARRY--- BY BEATRICE FAIRFAX

Because the Average Girl Is Ignorant of the Most Elementary Rules of Housekeeping

Because They Are Afraid the Girl They Would Like to Wed Doesn't Understand Cooking

Make a Good Pie, Ask Him to Help Eat It, and There Will Be One Bachelor Less

GIRLS, the oracle has spoken.

He's only twenty-two, this oracle, and therefore his words of wisdom may be taken with a grain of salt, but at the same time they seem to me to be applicable in a great many cases.

This is what he says: "The girls aren't taught half enough about housekeeping, and the fellows are afraid they won't make good wives. They know how to look pretty and dance and play the piano, but a fellow wants more than that in a wife, you know. He wants a helpmate—some one who will help him make a success of his career, not ruin it by incompetency."

There, girls, don't you think that sounds pretty fair reasoning for a boy of twenty-two?

He's the kind that will make a good citizen, business man and husband if he lives up to his convictions and cred.

marries a sensible, fine girl instead of a pretty, dressed up doll.

At present he thinks he will never marry, but he will. He's too fine to be wasted as a bachelor.

And now that you know one reason why men don't marry, it's up to you to remove the cause.

How many of you know anything about housekeeping?

A man may fall in love with a girl because she is pretty and bright.

During the courtship all is rose-colored. He doesn't get near enough to earth to wonder whether his divinity can cook a steak.

But once the divinity has become the wife she is expected to blossom forth in all sorts of domestic accomplishments, and then the first crumpled leaf shows in the rose of happiness.

The wise bachelor, when he sees how his married brother's air castle has tumbled, makes up his mind to avoid a similar catastrophe.

The mothers are the ones who are responsible for this state of affairs.

Every girl should be given certain household duties and taught how to perform them properly.

The beauty of neatness and cleanliness should be early instilled in her.

She should be taught plain cooking and sewing. And above all she should be taught how to economize.

Many a man has succumbed to Cupid's wiles when the little god masqueraded as a good cook and housekeeper.

Go into the kitchen and learn to cook, and don't do it in an untidy, slipshod way. Do it well. Make the kitchen and the whole house as neat as a pin, and then keep at it until you can cook a good meal.

Even if you go to business every day try to find time to learn some one thing about the practical side of housekeeping.

It is more important that you should know how to broil a steak than how to render Grieg for a piano.

And don't forget to thoroughly study the intricacies of pie making.

When you have learned how to make a first-class pie invite your best man friend to dinner. He won't be able to resist that pie, and there will be one less bachelor in the world.

Men are very material beings, you know. They like comforts and good living.

I know of one family where there were four exceedingly plain daughters.

They were nice girls, but they had no drawing room accomplishments.

No one ever dreamed that any one of the four would marry.

But they did, every one of them.

I asked a man the reason, and he said, "Because in the first place, they were nice girls, though lots of people didn't discover the fact on account of their plainness. And then they thoroughly understood how to make a man comfortable. There was always an easy chair to sit in, a spotlessly neat room, no fuss made when ashes were dropped on the floor, and a nice little supper cooked by the girls themselves. Men were always made welcome and to feel at home, and at the same time knew they had to behave themselves if they wished to call again. Those girls have all married well, and they'll make splendid wives."

So now, dear girls, don't disdain the old-fashioned accomplishment of housekeeping.

Learn to do it well and help reduce the ranks of those fussy old bachelors who won't marry because the girls don't know how to make them comfortable.

WHAT'S THE FUNNIEST THING BABY EVER SAID "IF"

I desire to express my thanks for appreciation shown by publishing sayings of my grandson, and would say that I, too, appreciate the column devoted to the little folk, as all true parents should. Respectfully yours,

No. 23 High street, Quincy. MRS. F. C. FIELD.

This is one of scores of similar letters which are pouring in on the Bright Sayings Editor.

There is yet time to win one of the daily prizes of six magnificent photos of your child.

Make your letters short and address Bright Sayings Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, 80-82 Summer street, Boston.

BUBBLES ON HER FACE

I had a lady caller one afternoon who wore a veil with large black dots. A week or so afterward my little girl, not quite three years old, said:

"Mamma, I want to see the lady with the bubbles on her face."

No. 73 Hancock street. MRS. CHARLES H. JONES.

CAR LAUGHING

While taking a trip to Dedham last week my little May, aged two and a half, trying unsuccessfully to go to sleep, suddenly buried out:

"Oh, mamma, the cars laughing. How it stop."

No. 20 Dundee street. MRS. C. M. WILSON.

WHAT ABOUT HIM?

Our little boy, Harold Phillips Arnold, just three years of age, is anxious for a baby sister or brother. One night he was saying something about it, and I told him that I had a baby sister he would have to give her all his clothes. He said:

"Well, what you s'pose going to become of me?"

No. 170 Amory street, Roxbury. MRS. CHARLES F. ARNOLD.

TEETH FOR BABY

My little boy, four years of age, was scribbling on an old piece of paper. I came out and asked him what he was writing, and he said:

"Writing a letter to God to put teeth in the baby's mouth."

No. 7 Burrell street, Roxbury. MRS. W. B. HARNDEN.

FEARED CONSEQUENCE

My little nephew, Stanley Stuart Setchell, just three, sat silently thinking while his grandma talked to his mamma about a new suit purchased for him. Then said grandma, "It is such a pretty suit let's keep it, even if it is a trifle small, then it can cut that out." A few moments later Stanley looked up and said:

"Grandma, please don't cut mine neck out, 'cause den I won't have any face."

STANLEY'S AUNTIE.

No. 88 Montclair avenue, Dorchester.

HOW EDNA FELT

One day last Fall a friend called, and taking my little niece on her lap, who is just four years old, said: "Well, how is Edna feeling today?"

"I'm feeling in your pocket book," Edna said." M. FULLER.

No. 5 Gainsboro street.

SPLINTERS IN HIS

The other day my little boy, Edward, aged three and one-half years, was given his first runaway seed cooky. He evidently did not like them, for when he was offered a second one he asked:

"Are there any splinters in it?"

MRS. JAMES M. BARTON.

No. 32 Trenton street, East Boston.

TOO MUCH DRAFT

There was a man in our town who always rented some unwanted land so they named him "Red Hot." One day my little son, Joseph, three, sat by the window and someone said:

"There goes 'Red Hot,'" and he said:

"Well, if him no want it, I better shet him draft off."

MRS. C. A. ROBERTS.

No. 183 Chatham st., Lynn.

WHAT WAS BITING AGE?

My boy who is fourteen years old brought home a bunch of pussy willows and my little boy Arthur asked me:

"How old do pussy willows grow before day like you're?"

MRS. E. HEISER.

No. 9 Elmer st., Roslindale, Mass.

OVERTAKING MAMMA

"You must hurry up and grow so you can help mamma," I said to Mabel.

"I don't want to," she said; "I am growing bigger ev'ry day, but mamma, she stays the same, and pretty soon I'll be the biggest."

MRS. B. DOUGLAS.

No. 32 Cedar st., Roxbury.

HOW COULD THEY?

One day my little girl, Gertrude, aged five, was standing near by when I happened to say: "Why, my arm is asleep."

Included Everybody

MY husband was taking his departure for work one Monday morning, which was on wash day. As usual, he kissed Harry, aged four years, myself and little Mary, aged two and one-half years. When he turned from her she quickly called to him, looking toward the kitchen:

"Oh, papa, you forgot the washerwoman."

MRS. A. BUCKLEY.

Everett.

she looked at me, then asked: "Can your arms or legs go asleep?" I answered, "No." She looked surprised and said:

"Well, they haven't any eyes."

W. F. BLAKE.

No. 24 Bayden street, Brockton.

SALT IN HER FACE

Little Margaret, on being taken out to the first snowstorm beautified before stepping on the back piazza and said:

"Let's go round to the front door mamma, I don't like dat salt in my face."

SADIE B. FITZPATRICK.

No. 1 Bluff st., Worcester.

MERELY INFURNAL

My little son Robbie ran to meet me one night as I came home, saying:

"Oh, pa, we are going to Mrs. C—'s to a party tonight."

I answered:

"Oh, I am too tired to dress and go out."

"Oh, never mind," he said, "about dress. I heard her tell ma it would be just an informal affair."

W. H. BELYEA.

No. 51 Newbern street, Roxbury.

SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE

My little daughter Violet, aged two years, was playing with her little brother, aged four, when suddenly some dispute arose over some of the toys and I heard her say:

"No, brudder dear, taint so. I knowed cause I'se borned afore you was."

MRS. GEORGE SAWYER.

No. 24 Monmouth street, Dorchester.

ONLY A HALF

My little girl, who is two years old, took a dollar bill from the table and went out to get some candy. The candy dealer came to me and told me. I scolded her, she replied tearfully:

"I didn't take it all, mamma. I only took a half."

BEATRICE E. SCHMIDT.

No. 331 Dudley street, Roxbury.

PAPER ON ONION

Little Ruth was helping me peel onions one day, and she said:

"You have to take the paper all off before you get to the onion."

MRS. E. C. ACKERMAN.

Beechmont.

The week's winners in this Contest will be announced in next Sunday's Boston Sunday American.

SCARLET LIES

By the Authors of Married to Mystery

CHAPTER LXI—Continued.

"If Gen. Hearn's sake, Holland, say no more! I cannot stand it. I am not a bad man. I love Mary, my daughter, beyond everything on earth, and—"

"And yet calmly sacrifice her to this man Darch?"

"It is because there is no other way."

"But what do you fear from him? What power can he possibly have over you, that can make you do a thing like this?"

"If you only knew."

"Yes, but that is just what I do not, and what I want to. Why won't you tell me?"

Armstrong looked up. His eyes were glistening with tears. It is no exaggeration to say that Armstrong had never been so moved in his life. A brief silence fell between them. For a few moments Armstrong wavered. It wanted very little then to make him tell Stephen everything; but that very little was lacking.

"No, no," he exclaimed. "I cannot! It is impossible—quite impossible."

"Very well then," he said bitterly; "so I am to understand that—"

"You are to understand, Holland," interrupted Armstrong, "exactly what my daughter has told you."

"Which is?"

"That she desires to release you from your engagement to her."

"And about Darch?"

"That," said Armstrong, with a sudden access of that dignity which he could assume on a man above his fellows—"that is a question, Holland, which has nothing to do with anyone but herself and—and me!"

"Thanks," said Stephen grimly. "I absolutely refuse me an explanation?"

"Absolutely," answered Armstrong firmly. "I make no defence. I ask for no consideration. I merely decline, because it is not in my power."

"You are a very calm man," said Stephen.

Armstrong bowed his head.

"Things which you will not," I have appealed to you."

"And I to you."

"I wonder," said Armstrong, "whether it is possible, Holland, for you to comprehend the possibility of—of your losing everything on earth?" Stephen winced, and went a little pale. What could Armstrong mean? To lose everything, the elder man continued—all the great fabric built up by a lifetime of honest endeavor and enterprise—to lose one's good name—to be branded as a—

A Criminal—

"You mean that Darch could do this to you?" cried Stephen incredulously.

"Suppose he could?"

"Well?"

"And by agreeing to a certain thing, he making it a certain sacrifice, one could save it?"

"Well?"

"Would you do it?"

Stephen turned angrily upon the elder man.

"That means, I suppose," he said contemptuously, "that you are trying your daughter to save your own skin?"

Not my own skin," said Armstrong, "but the life and happiness of others—of Mary herself, for instance."

"You doom her to a life of misery—a living death?"

"The alternative is disgrace and disillusion," answered Armstrong.

"Can anything be worse for her?"

"But there are others!"

"I only think of her," said Stephen. "The others do not count. So she is to be the sacrifice, eh?"

"It is the only way."

"I may at once be perfectly frank with you," said Stephen, "and tell you that now nothing upon earth will make me stand calmly by, now that I know, though most imperfectly, the position of affairs?"

"What do you mean to do?" asked Armstrong, anxiously.

"I shall see Morley Darch," replied Stephen.

"It will do no good—only harm!"

"We shall see," said Stephen inconically. "Anyhow, that is what I mean to do."

Armstrong looked very alarmed. He had certainly never expected Stephen to adopt this attitude. For the moment he was nonplussed.

"I rather think," said Stephen, "that it is a matter which is almost entirely between Mr. Morley Darch and myself."

There was a wild and hunted look in Armstrong's eyes.

"Holland," he said, "perhaps it has not occurred to you that there may be far more serious issues at stake than a good name and reputation, a huge commercial credit, a man's cherished personal honor, and the honor of his wife and child?"

"What do you mean?"

"Suppose," said Armstrong, "that there should be a man's life at stake?"

"A man's life!"

Armstrong bowed his head.

"Yes, Holland, a man's life."

"What do you mean, Armstrong?"

"I can say no more," said the elder man, in a voice inevitably and hoarse with emotion. "But I beg of you to consider carefully what you do, and not to think that I have sacrificed my daughter without exhausting every other possible expedient. Remember, too, Holland, that if Mary were to refuse to comply with the conditions laid down and to marry you, she would not be happy—far from it."

"I could make her perfectly happy," cried Stephen. "I know it—I am sure of it."

Armstrong shook his head again.

"You little know Mary," he said faintly. "I doubt whether, if the facts were known, that she would live to face the scandal. Holland, again let me beg of you to be careful—to think well before you take any action."

Stephen's face was very grim.

"My mind is made up," he said firmly. "I am going to have a chat with Darch."

"Then do not forget, Holland, what I have said. It is for her—for her belief in you, and your self-respect, that I implore Mary to be the wife of Morley Darch, and live out her life in misery, than for the alternative to happen."

"I shall not forget," retorted Stephen. "I must beg leave to differ. I will leave you now, and go and find the man."

Stephen had little difficulty in finding Morley Darch. That gentleman was restlessly pacing the south terrace, a settled frown on his face, perhaps better he described as a scowl, darkening his sallow complexioned, Hebraic features. He was a disagreeable apparition of some evil fiend in the flesh.

"Darch," he exclaimed, as he caught sight of Stephen, "I indeed your private word with the old man, eh?"

"I have," replied Stephen grimly, "and now I want what you delicately describe as a 'private confab' with you! It has not until quite recently come to my knowledge that you are a low and vulgar swindler—a mean, scoundrel, who is despicable enough to trade on some

Private Secret

he possesses—"

Darch had hardly expected this.

"What the deuce do you mean?" he jerked out savagely.

"Just that I say," answered Stephen. "You are forcing Armstrong to do something which is directly opposed to his own inclinations—"

"That is quite possible," said Darch. "But I quite fail to see what Armstrong's affairs have to do with you."

"Miss Armstrong's affairs are my affairs," said Stephen.

Darch swore beneath his breath.

"What are you driving at?" he asked fiercely.

"I need not trouble you with any elaborate explanations. Suffice it to say that I know."

"Well?"

"And knowing what I do," continued Stephen, "I am now going to ask you a simple and direct question. Do you mean to insist on this infernal bargain? Do you mean to go on?"

"Most certainly."

"Very well, then," said Stephen, shrugging his shoulders—"then I know what to do."

"You can do what you like!" retorted Darch.

And there was a look of venomous defiance in his handsome black eyes.

"You must be a pretty low cur!" said Stephen.

"I am fighting for the woman I love," said Darch. "You, Mr. Holland, may perhaps know a little of what that means."

"You will never marry Mary Armstrong—never! She belongs to me!"

Darch laughed brutally.

"We shall see about that," he said.

"Good heavens!" exclaimed Stephen. "That you should dare to presume to think for a moment that such a thing were possible—you, a low blackguard, who, finding it impossible to win her by fair means, descends to blackmail, you!"

"Not so quickly, Mr. Holland," interjected Darch. "I marry you must be a very singularly constituted specimen of humanity. You have an enormous amount of

Assurance.

Are you, pray, so much better fitted to be the husband of Robert Armstrong's daughter than I?"

There was no mistaking the man's meaning. Stephen winced and went a little pale.

"What do you mean?" he asked.

"Who are you, pray, as to purity of virtue and honor, eh? Ah, I rather fancy, if it comes to the point, and an independent world has to judge between us, Mr. Holland, its judgment would hardly be in your favor!" The man laughed mockingly as he accentuated Stephen's name and title. "And since you wish to have it out with me, I am quite prepared. Let us by all means have it out, here and now, and once and for all. If you attempt to interfere between me and Armstrong, or attempt to take my affianced wife from me, believe me, I would not spend on your own valuation, because she does not value you, Mr. Darch. For instance, the world might gain some very valuable information as to how you really make your money. Do you clearly understand?"

Stephen was silent, dumfounded. Another peril had arisen in his path. What did Morley Darch know, and how much? But he knew something—perhaps all.

Stephen's head began to ache, and fears rushed through his mind. For the first time in his life he realized that Morley Darch knew his secret.

Darch, as he quits, Mr. Holland, asked Darch; and he made no attempt to cloak the mocking laughter or cloak the threatening sneer on his face. "Shall we say quits, or do I understand that you would like the opportunity of proving your identity. Ah, Mr. Holland, I think we will call it quits!"

Stephen turned and reeled rather than walked away. The man's mocking laughter followed him. He knew then that the end had come.

CHAPTER LXII.

The Pinch of Poverty.

GEORGE LANG did not rouse himself for some time after Judith Mort had taken her trifling luggage and her jingling chains out of the bare little room of the Greenwich lodgings.

With her bodily presence the woman herself faded entirely from his mind. He was Bella who possessed his every thought; it was his overwhelming grief at the loss of her that alone had a place in his mind. He had never realized until now how much he had cared for her—how he had been building high hopes, ever since he had known her, on that day when they would call her by her own name and set the seal of life together. Never for one single moment had he suspected that she was not free.

George Lang ground his strong white teeth in his agony as he thought that Bella was returning to her wretched husband. He was filled with fury. He wished that he had that miserable specimen of humanity at his mercy, so that he might crush the life out of him and free the woman he loved from this intolerable and shameful burden. And then, again, from fury he fell into sheer despair. Bella was lost to him, and he was left alone and friendless to battle in all the world.

Then Mrs. Lang found him when she came in from an expedition which had for its object the raising of a paltry sum on a trifling trinket that still remained to her from better days," which, to the simple-hearted Lion King were a mystery into which he had never tried to probe.

"Why, Georgie," she exclaimed, "it isn't a bit like you to be down on your luck! My dear boy, we've had our share of bad fortune; this can't go on forever."

"It's something else, mother," said the Lion King in a strange, despairing voice. "It's something that makes everything else as nothing. I've lost her, mother!"

"Tell me, my boy," said Mrs. Lang sympathetically.

She crossed the room and laid one of her beautifully shaped white hands on his, with their incongruous look of having done so much hard work, on his broad shoulder.

TO BE CONTINUED.

First Aid To The Lovelorn

EDITOR WOMAN'S PAGE:

I am nineteen years old and good looking. I have a position paying me a salary of $12 a week. About seven months ago I met a young man whom I did not care for at all. He gave me, after seeing me only about three times, a gold locket with his photograph in it and about three months later a very beautiful watch. Now I have become very much in love with him. In the meantime, about five weeks ago, he had occasion to change his position, and I have not heard on seen anything of him since. I do not think it would be correct on my part to write to him, as I think if he thought anything of me he would write to me. Now, would you advise me to return his presents and forget all about him, which will be very hard for me to do? He also has a photograph of mine. He remarked to me of late that I was too nice a girl to waste my time on him, as I know he was only making a salary of about $14 a week, and he knew I had every comfort a girl could have. Probably he has done it for the best.

DISTRESSED.

H E is not treating you properly, and I think you had better send his gifts back to him. Gifts of that sort are too valuable to keep if you are not friendly with the giver. I do not think, dear, you should have accepted the locket on such a short acquaintanceship. I agree with him: you are too nice a girl to waste your affection on any man who does not properly appreciate it. You are making a good living. Do you know yourself away before the right man comes. Do not be unhappy.

Nan Patterson's Case A Lesson for Girls

By Dorothy Dix

TO-DAY hundreds of thousands of girls in this city and all over the country are reading, with absorbed attention, the newspaper accounts of the trial of Nan Patterson, charged with having killed her lover.

It is not strange that women should be interested in this case. To begin with, it furnishes a murder mystery as deep and curious as any that Sherlock Holmes was ever called upon to solve, and in addition it possesses all of the elements of the romance that women adore.

Youth and beauty, illicit love and wild and stormy passions, the sparkle of champagne at midnight suppers, the glamour and glitter of the stage, the prodigality of money that comes without labor and was wasted without thought—these are the warp and woof out of which the case is woven.

It could furnish a dozen Ouidas and Laura Jean Libbeys with plots for the kinds of novels that most women sit up nights to devour, and it is all the more thrilling because this is a story, told under oath, of real life and of happenings of yesterday and to-day.

BUT THIS IS SAFER.

It is a good thing for girls to read the account of this trial. But I like an old-fashioned novel. It has a moral, and they ought not to skip that.

For, after all, the big moral in Nan Patterson represents the ambition, the desire and the highest ideal of happiness to the great majority of girls.

The Nan Patterson of their dreams, and the one they desire to be is not Nan Patterson the murderess, yesterday's prosaic, down-thorn girl in silken sleeping suits, satin slippers and lace-trimmed lingerie, who dances and counterfeits joyous stage mirth in the chorus, and then goes out to champagne suppers with adoring suitors.

That is their idea of being on the stage. That is their idea of being an actress.

Doubtless that was Nan Patterson's idea also, and so she found out that to be a real actress meant incessant work and self-denial and labor, and that success only came on the stage after talent had given an infinite number of hours of heart-breaking effort, she lacked the courage and the strength to make the fight.

She took what she thought was the flower-strewn path of pleasure. She became one of the glittering chorus girls with gorgeous gowns and jewels, of whom she unspitefully every night in curses, and was surrounded by the kind of girls, who are so ignorant that they think that all that sparkle and tinsel is what "being on the stage" means.

And her story is the story in this—the flowers grow only a very, very little way along the primrose path for women, and all the balance of the long way is set with stones and thorns. Nan Patterson is only twenty-two and already her feet are upon the rocks.

DOROTHY DIX.

THIS MAY SEEM IDEAL—

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

TWO NEW SLEEVES

No. 2,746—No matter what other features are permitted to stand, Fashion demands that the cannon and size of our sleeves shall be continually changed, and nothing stamps a gown as belonging to a season as soon as sleeves which fail to come up to the present requirements. Legs-of-mutton and coat sharing are exceedingly popular, as they are becoming to either a stout or slender arm. For afternoon dresses, tailored suits, shirt waists and coats, either of these models can be used. For medium size 1¾ yards of material 36 inches wide are required.

Pattern No. 2,746, sizes from 9 to 14 inches arm measure.

Send 10 cents to obtain this pattern, postpaid, and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 230, Boston, Mass.

No. 2,746.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

ABOUT THE HUB

Did you ever see a professional lobbyist frazed? That wellnigh impossible thing happened at the State House Friday. The lobbyist in question is one of the oldest and fondest of the new and gaudy colors of the third house. Rushing into one of the offices he put in a hurry call for the headquarters of his sanctum. When the connection was made, he shouted:

"That the loss? This is So-and-So. Say, the Senate has refused to advance that What-You-Call-It bill. I could not force it through. But, say, I made Senator Blank stand up in his boots and say a word for it, and you bet he voted for it. I gave him a talking to that he won't forget in a hurry. Yes, that's all. Well, I cannot help it: I did all I could. Goodby."

Just as the conversation began there walked into the office a very dignified boy, who took a seat directly behind the lobbyist at the phone. As the lobbyist turned around they met face to face. For a minute Mr. Lobbyist's face was suffused with blushes. Then he stammered something and made a hurried exit. The dignified person was the Senator he had been talking about. The Senator refused to be interviewed.

* * * * * * *

The editor yelled "Hi, you!" to his ever ready staff.

"We've set up all the local and we need more copy right away.

Get busy with the wireless 'long the cable, Cholly, shoot.

Report those cussed fleets again for seven columns more."

* * * * * * *

His business brought him frequently into the office of a well-known lawyer and man in the Paddock building. He had succeeded in forming a bowing acquaintance with the pretty bookkeeper, but this didn't satisfy him. He said good morning, passed comment on the weather and received a pleasant response. Still he wasn't satisfied.

Upon returning from lunch one day she found a short note enclosed in a gay veloped with a theatre ticket. This was the limit. The play was "Tom Boyd Johnson." The bookkeeper was so resentful as she wore a attractive. That evening the buxom colored woman who cleaned out the office was regarded for little attentions bestowed in the neighborhood of the bookkeeper's desk.

When he enters the office now he doesn't even bow.

To the clerks he is known as Mr. Johnson.

* * * * * * *

Eddie Blondell, who recently filled an engagement at the Globe Theatre, told the following story to a group of friends:

In the little town of Columbia, Ind., is a chair manufacturer who is a redhot republican. Before the last presidential election he held that if Parker was elected the country would go to the dogs, but if Roosevelt was chosen there would be only so much more prosperity.

After the election the chair-making bust ness got dull and the factory was closed down. Immediately the chair maker was reminded of his glowing prophecy before election. "You was pieced by the White Terror," he said, "but I guess we've got so much prosperity the people ain't got time to sit down."

* * * * * * *

General Morris Schaff, member of the Gas Commission, threw a "double cross" into the Committee on Public Lighting the other day that has had some of the members guessing ever since. He had been called upon to answer questions relative to certain phases of the gas propositions. The understand ing was that the General "that you have decided upon a compromise that is satisfactory to everybody, and it seems to me you have called me from the field of battle for that?" The only sound hardly be effective now."

He was assured by members of the committee that he had been misinformed, there being nobody found outside of the newspaper and began to read from the paper. Then sliding back he folded it, tore it apart and sent out to the "conservative" press by J. Harvey Cox, whose feeling he had preceded but a few paragraphs when House Chairman Hill interrupted the General with the startled query:

"Say, do you think you are such fools as to be caught by that sort of guff?"

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Chairman "Tom" Talbot and Secretary Joe Mason, of the Legislative Rules Committee, who are making a tour of inspection through the different Senatorial districts, had a very select audience to appear before an admiring audience in Waltham last week. They were such fools as to go out on the 7:38 o'clock train from the North station.

When they reached Canaswaw street the train on the Lexington line had left at 7:37 o'clock, and they dashed madly through the waiting crowds and made a wild run for the train.

They swung up on the steps of the last car, sank breathlessly into a seat, congratulated each other on their success in making the train, and then sat quietly until the crowds on the platform and employes cleared away the wreck of a delayed train that had blocked all tracks. Then they telephoned the sad news to Waltham and went home.

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The local barber laid down the doctrine, with general approval, that a physician was a public officer and had "no call" to meddle in politics. The candidate's downfall date is a Boston business man who spends most of his time in the city.

SIX MEN HELD ON SUSPICION

BENNINGTON, Vt., May 2.—With six young men under arrest on suspicion and the police of the county hard at work investigating the murder of Fred H. Bartlett, whose body was found in front of the First National Bank, in North Bennington, grows more mysterious than ever.

Although State Attorney W. R. Daley conducted an examination of the six young men at the inquest in Manchester, N. Y., Saturday night, while he was there four young men from Bennington drove in—James Kelly, Jr., Edward Sweet, Fred D. Reid and John Neederland. Allen is said to have requested the men to take Bartlett with them in Bennington, as he was under the influence of liquor. The men say they did so. Allen requested, and left Bartlett at the Bennington postoffice. A few hours later his dead body was found in North Bennington.

"What the evidence was secured seemed at first to indicate that Bartlett met his death in New York State," said Attorney Daley. "I am now quite sure that the crime was committed near the place where Bartlett's body was found. The inquest will be continued to-day, and may not be concluded, as there are many witnesses to be examined."

The young men will be held pending the result of the examination.

SAYS PULPIT PAY IS TOO LOW

The Rev. Endicott Peabody told members of the Episcopalian Club at its spring meeting in the Hotel Brunswick that clergymen should pay clergymen promptly and more.

"Leave off having oyster suppers, get ting up mite and mingo vaudeville entertainments and make it perfectly sure that the clergyman will get his salary every month. Ride on the trolley car as you can, one reason why there is not a sufficient supply of men for our pulpits is that they are not sufficiently paid."

DAZED, GIRL ENTERS RIVER

Bertha Phillips, the twenty-year-old Newton girl who was found standing by the Charles River crying for help, is at her home, No. 60 Chapel street, recovering from the effects of her plunge into the river.

To her parents she has explained that she was dazed, and after walking along in the open air for a time, found herself standing in the cold water of the river. She says that she does not know how she came to wander down to the bank.

Ownership on Chapel street, Newton, heard cries from the river at 10 o'clock at night. Rushing to the water's edge, they found the Phillips girl standing in two feet of water crying for help. She was carried to her home.

GIVE MAY PARTY FOR CHARITY

With several hundred persons attending the first May party held by St. Paul's branch of the Ladies' Aid Society in St. Mary's Infant Asylum of Dorchester in Copley Hall proved a great success. The entertainment in charge had arranged a fine programme of dances, and for those who did not dance whist has been provided.

The patronesses were Mrs. Thomas Egan, Mrs. W. J. O'Reilly and Miss R. Ward.

The growth of St. Paul's branch has been such that permanent headquarters have been established in Wheelock Hall, Upham's Corner, Dorchester, where it is expected to large, and the committees are panning a series of entertainments which, if successful, will make the branch even more popular.

HOWARD GIVES PATRONS GOOD SHOW

A show that is the equal of any that has been seen at the Howard this season is being given at that house this week and the star act in the show is the black face performance of George L. Wood, who, by reason of his originality, has come to be known as the "somewhat different" comedian. Two clever athletes are the Valvano brothers, and in addition to some remarkable hand balancing they have a posing that shows most effectively their wonderful physical development.

One of the funniest eccentric acts that has ever been seen on the Howard stage is done by Jack Dempsey. Something bright in the way of a comedy sketch is presented by Lavender Richardson and company, it is called "Cupid and Sparks," have a lot of conversational nonsense, and Whittle and Bell are two entertainers of the eccentric variety. John Walsh, the Irish comedian, is funny when he sings, and sings in another good one in the list, while one of the most finished acts in the line of the burlesque heretofore and elsewhere in this house is done by Adams and Mack.

Their engagement at the Howard Mack and Lawrence, who were billed as a headline act, was cancelled yesterday afternoon on account of the serious illness of Miss Lawrence. The role played in both acts by Miss Lawrence is suffering with nervous prostration, and it was thought that it would be impossible for her to go on. In their place a headliner act from New York will be put on to-day.

Hollis Street Theatre.

George M. Cohan and his associates have made a hit in "Little Johnny Jones" at the Hollis. They began their second and last week there last night and pleased a large audience. The show is one full of novelty and is full of life and movement from the first to the last curtain. It is a mixture of fun, music and girls in suitable and appetizing proportions and is nicely staged. The most prominent individual hits are made by Cohan himself, Tom Lewis and Mr. Cohan himself, and Miss Lewis and Miss Cohan are not much behind. Next week Edna May comes to the Hollis in "The School Girl."

Tremont Theatre.

Dustin Farnum last night's audience at the Tremont, where "Woodland" began the second week of its return visit last night. It was made up mostly of people who had seen the pretty Pixley and Luders opera before. But this circumstance only gave the performance the character of a reunion and all the old favorites in the company were cordially applauded. "Woodland" made many friends here during its long run last Summer and apparently grows in favor with them since renewing old acquaintance. The scene is one of the most attractive that Mr. Luders has ever written and the book is a charming one.

LAST NIGHT'S SHOWS AT THE THEATRES

Lew Fields Shines in "It Happened in Nordland" at Boston

By J. Frank Davis.

You don't know what it was, and I don't know what it was, but "It Happened in Nordland." It was something about a queen who went to get married, which is an American embowdrance (America has become entirely governed by women, with a Presidentess and a woman's Congress), who happened to look just like the queen, came to and ran the government in self herself and discovered in the footsteps comedian her long-lost American brother.

Nordland was a sort of Anthony Hope-Jim Hazard kind of a place, where the population was largely feminine and decided all the time when it didn't have to.

How glad we are to welcome our queen, after day that has had some of the members guessing for ever since. He had been called upon to answer questions relative to certain phases of the gas propositions. The understand ing was that the General "that you have decided upon a compromise that is satisfactory to everybody, and it seems to me you have called me from the field of battle for that?" The only sound hardly be effective now."

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HENRY MILLER THE STAR AT KEITH'S

Henry Miller, late star in the legitimate, came to Boston last night to begin a week's vaudeville bill at Keith's. By virtue of his fame as an actor, and by reason of the salary paid him by vaudeville managers, Mr. Miller should be honored or pensions on the bill. He earned his right to be big fellow at the outset by giving Mr. Ditch's one-act play "Frederic Le Maitre," which brought to the surface in a new picture of the spare moments of the author of "Two Orphans," yet the effect of Henry Miller's acting leaves the impression that the play is really worthy of the great Ditch, which it is not.

Frederic Le Maitre is the great French actor. He lives alone with his old valet, but the dreariness of his existence has been brightened by flowers sent daily by some unknown admirer of the actor's art. A pretty good-sized asset to the show himself. Miss Cahill made a doll of a consort and wait home.

For a few hours Le Maitre and his valet discuss the problem of how to run the play through the Boston engagement. Mr. Stroughen Cahill, and it looked as if he would have to let his hundred pretty chorus girls walk the Waits for a fortnight. Then he acted like a Napoleon of finance, engaged another leading woman, and got her to Boston in a hurry, backed her from with the park, planned a during of rehearsals for the next two days, and then Miss Jeannette Lowrey, best remembered as the original "lady lunatic" in Wizard of Oz, will be seen in Katherine Pearlpaste after a night or two. For the two or three days before Miss Lowrey could be expected to learn, rehearse, costume and play a new part, drastic measures were necessary. A young woman with a part consisting of about forty words—Miss Billie Norton—happened to know most of the Cahill lines. She went on last night and played the part. She tried very, very hard, and in one or two spots she did exceptionally well. But the lines were hard for her, and in consequences, and the audience, which had been feed and expected an understudy, was irritated and fidgety and gave her a pretty handful of encores to remember when she comes to see the big little Cahill.

When she pouted her pretty lips and said "Ah, mon Dieu!" in the best Miss Cahill intimated that she was an absolutely unique person, and the audience agreed with her. Herbert was not. It was a night for the Hudson Valley Herbert, and he worked like a conscientious Cahill.

If ever Victor Herbert coaxed music by the force of personality, he did it last night. He dragged it out of orchestra, band and chorus. He was the personification of animation. Body, arms, head, baton, facial expression—all seemed to have excelled in the ensemble. When Herbert was through the audience applauded. Victor Herbert smiled, chuckled and laughed.

The production of the most interesting things about the show is the music. It is the thing most of the time, and his is the kind of a face that looks as if it were laughing most of the time, and his is the kind of a face that looks as if it were laughing most of the time, and his is the kind of a face that looks as if it were laugh

EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** TUESDAY, MAY 2

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, MAY 2, 1905.

THE BLIND MAN WITH PENCILS AND SHOELACES

Suppose YOU Went Blind Suddenly. What Else Could You Do That Is Useful?

There is a little triangular piece of concrete in Dewey square, near the South Station, called an "island of safety." At one side of it, with his back against an electric light pole, stands a young man every day. Out of his breast pocket stick the ends of a couple of dozen lead pencils. In his outstretched hands are a couple of hundred shoelaces. On the front of his hat is scrawled a rough sign, "I Am Blind."

Up on Tremont street, near the corner of Bromfield, stands another man. He, too, holds out his hand filled with his wares, while his voice monotonously repeats, over and over, "Lead pencils! Lead pencils!"

You have seen them both, and others just like them, in different parts of Boston. Perhaps you have bought lead pencils of them, or shoelaces. If you have you have realized that the price of the pencils is probably higher than the same grade would sell for in a store. You have bought from pity. Down in your heart you may have regarded the peddling as a sort of advanced mendicancy.

Well, what would **YOU** do if **YOU** were blind, presuming that you have no independent income?

You expect to go to bed to-night in the full possession of your sense of sight. Suppose you should awake to-morrow morning and find all the world dark. Suppose you were to open your eyes and call for a light, and find there was a light in the room and that you had suddenly gone stone blind.

That has been exactly the experience of some others, although blindness usually comes on more gradually. What would you do during the rest of your life to earn your living: incidentally to continue to be a useful member of society?

JUST STOP READING THIS FOR A MOMENT AND SHUT YOUR EYES. THEN IMAGINE THAT YOU COULD NEVER OPEN THEM AGAIN. THINK OF IT FOR A MOMENT. It will help the people who cannot see the next time you meet them: it will help you, too, because it will make you realize what a blessing sight is.

Over in South Boston is one of the grandest institutions in the world—the Perkins Institute for the Blind. Within its walls hundreds of children whose lives must be spent in unending darkness are taught to live for others and themselves, to know things, to do things, to help the world by doing useful work.

There are a great many things that blind people can do just as well as those who see. They can tune pianos, they can weave, they can make baskets, they can operate typewriters—if they are taught properly. And remember that Herreshoff, the greatest of yacht designers, is blind.

In Boston is a living monument to the great work of the Perkins Institute and other faithful instructors, in the person of Helen Keller. Left, able, healthy, happy, educated—yet without ability to see or hear. That she and others like her may be made contented and useful, instead of being an unending care to their friends and relatives, is the purpose and result of the Perkins Institute.

But how about the adult blind? How about the man or woman who loses sight **AFTER HAVING GROWN UP?**

A few of them have the means to employ servants to minister to them. A few others are given private instruction in some way and eventually become self-supporting, which means self-respecting. The remainder include the men who sell pencils and shoelaces, who practically beg because there is nothing else for them to do.

On Broadway, in Cambridgeport, is a little workshop where a few blind people, who became blind after growing up, are taught to do things. It is called an "experimental station"—the experimental station of the Massachusetts Association for Promoting the Interests of the Adult Blind, an organization of philanthropic people who have taken up the work of making useful members of the community out of people whose sight has vanished after they have arrived at manhood and womanhood.

The members have hopes of an institution, some day, as big and important as the Perkins Institute, at which the adult blind shall be taught to do useful and self-supporting things.

The secretary of the association is Mrs. A. P. Spaulding, No. 3,042 Washington street, Roxbury, who is glad to send out literature regarding the society and its work.

This editorial is not written especially to advertise this society, but to make **YOU** think.

Think of this the next time you meet the men who sell lead pencils and shoestrings, with wandering, sightless eyes that add pathos to their sign, "I Am Blind."

What would you do in their place? **SHUT YOUR EYES TIGHTLY AND THINK IT OVER.**

"On Going to Church"

When George Bernard Shaw writes an essay, a play or a book with a serious intent he suffers from his past performances and his established reputation. Readers look askance on him when he tries to tell the truth, because they have so long laughed with him when he played the part of the farceur. And yet under his comedy is always the substratum of sense, just as under his serious appeals is always the saving sense of humor.

Mr. Shaw wrote some time ago an essay "On Going to Church." An American publisher has put it into a slim book, which is selling in such numbers as to give the lie to the theory that brilliancy will no longer compel a hearing outside of magazines and newspapers. The argument of the book is unconventional, but not at all so terrifying to the "respectable" classes as most of the things written by "G. B. S." Indeed, it might have been an admirable publication to be read the last week of Lent.

Mr. Shaw, who is a Socialist, writes like an Anarchist and lives like a Puritan, has discovered a new use for the church. Perhaps it is not wholly a new one, for many men of the emotional nature, and all women, have long understood it. But the prize cynic of the English stage to-day is the first to reduce it to a creed.

Says "G. B. S.," in effect: "The creative intellect needs stimulant. Some find it in beer, others in brandy; some in opium, others in wine and love. I"—and with Shaw it is always a very big I—"find it in the church." The only adulterant to his churchly stimulant, according to his own statement, seems to be the fact that few churches are beautiful enough to prevent his devotional mind from straying into undevotional, and even profane, moods.

Of course, Shaw's little book is eccentric. Equally, of course, it is brilliant, with just enough of serious sense at the bottom of his badinage to set the reader thinking. To the active intellect the church is a stimulus; the preacher, too often, an anodyne. No man or woman of serious and intelligent mind can fail to be mentally stimulated by a silent half hour in any of the great churches of the world—or even in some of the lesser ones of Boston. Mr. Shaw complains only of the architecture of the churches of England. Perhaps in some later volume he will discuss the question whether the architecture is not quite equal to the doctrines preached therewithin.

IT OCCURRED IN MONKVILLE

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NOT FOR ME!
I CANNOT APPROVE HIS METHODS
TAINTED
HAVE SOME WITH ME
STANDARD COCOANUT CO.
NO!
EXCUSE ME, I'VE READ THE HISTORY OF THE COCOANUT TRUST
THIS GREAT FORTUNE HAS BEEN BUILT UP BY THE TRANSGRESSION AND THE EVASION OF LAW AND BY METHODS WHICH ARE AT WAR WITH THE FIRST PRINCIPLES OF MORALITY
F. Opper

"What's the matter with old Ringtail?"

"Aw, he's got about four hundred million cocoanuts and now he's trying to give some of them away. The other Monks won't take them. They say they're tainted?"

JOLLIKO THE MONK

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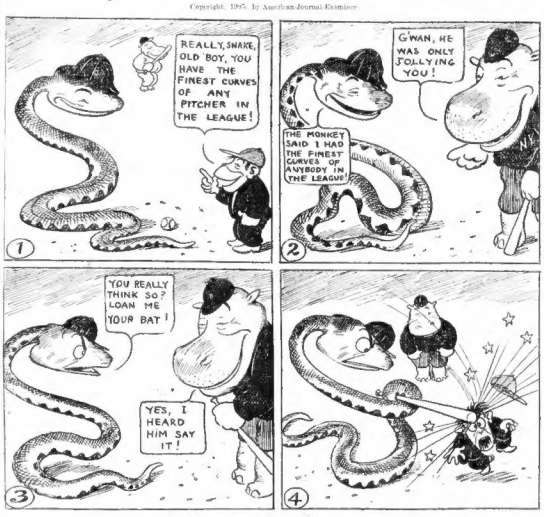
REALLY, SNAKE, OLD BOY, YOU HAVE THE FINEST CURVES OF ANY PITCHER IN THE LEAGUE!
G'WAN, HE WAS ONLY FOLLYING YOU!
THE MONKEY SAID I HAD THE FINEST CURVES OF ANYBODY IN THE LEAGUE!
YOU REALLY THINK SO? LOAN ME YOUR BAT!
YES, I HEARD HIM SAY IT!
1
2
3
4

The Snake Was a Good Batter, Anyhow

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?

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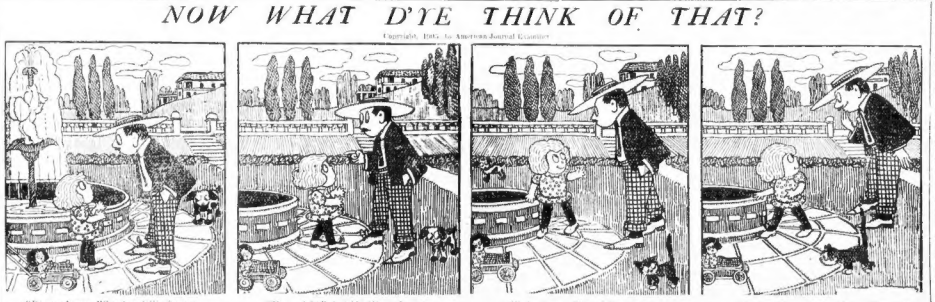


"Do you 'spose I'll get a dollie for my birthday, Uncle dear?"

"You might," I said, "if uncle puts a flea in mother's ear."

"I'll hunt on Fido right away," my niece replied with glee.

"And catch a dozen fleas. Then you can get twelve dolls for me."

Should We Not Treat All Thieves Alike

By Rev. Albert E. George

ARE we growing too kind-hearted? A bank president steals thousands of dollars, and a good man out of a job for months, in a moment of desperation, snatches a pocket book.

Both are thieves. That is what the law says. The bank president gets much kindness shown him. There is a false respectability in stealing thousands of dollars. We are apt to find some kindness extended to this offender. He is a good fellow, and we are sorry for him.

The other man has generally few friends. He has never been in a position to make many. He is alone in his misfortune. He gets his sentence readily and is forever branded as a thief.

In other words, we whitewash the thief of thousands, and we blacken the character of the poor man who is driven to his crime.

What is the difference?

Throwing aside all sentiment, if you have any sympathy, or kind-heartedness, it belongs to the thief who has something in his experience to justify his action.

Yet no one wants to justify him. He knows himself it was wrong to steal. Without money for a long time, and no prospect of getting a job, makes any man unsettled in his moral duty.

So if there is any occasion for being kind-hearted, this quality most naturally belongs to this offender. There is no other reasonable way of applying your moral ointment.

The bank president has acquired a respectability. It is a slow thing to lose. There was no urgent occasion for him to misuse trust funds. He had plenty to eat, good clothes to wear, and enjoyed man out of a job for months, in a moment of desperation, snatches a pocket book.

But it is not the amount of money stolen that makes a thief; it is the act itself. Very well?

What has come over human judgment to give the so-called respectable thief this wide margin of kind-heartedness? Our ancestors would have condemned both men outright, and not talked so glibly about temperament and heredity and other things that go to excuse certain victims for any crime imaginable. The times are out of joint somewhere.

Professor Felix Adler has said: "There is a lack of comprehension of the true nature of fiduciary relations. The trusts would not be the great menace they are to-day if they had not acquired that fatal initial velocity through the corruption of bankers and legislators who were unworthy of the confidence reposed in them."

No one understands this lack of comprehension as an excuse to palliate the act of a thief.

All we want is no invidious distinction. We are not getting it. If we get it the thief of a thousand or more dollars has the inside track of kind-hearted-ness. He gets the glad hand on the shoulder too exclusively, and the poor man is getting kicked unceremoniously. We are not favoring either one.

But as there is honor among thieves, there must be some honor around in judging crime, no matter if it is committed by Tom, Dick or Harry.

The pilot cannot mitigate the billows or calm the winds.
PLUTARCH.

Joseph Jefferson's Ode to Immortality

The following beautiful poem was written by the late Joseph Jefferson while on a fishing trip with Ex-President Grover Cleveland. It was read at the memorial services at the Players' Club:

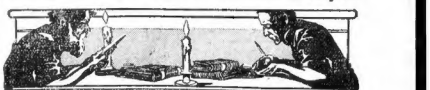
IMMORTALITY

TWO caterpillars crawling on a leaf,
By some strange accident in contact came;
Their conversation, passing all belief,
Was that same argument, the very same,
That has been "prosed and conned" from man to man.
Yea, ever since this wondrous world began
The ugly creatures,
Deaf and dumb and blind,
Devoid of features,
That adorn mankind,
Were vain enough, in dull and wordy strife,
To speculate upon a future life.
The first was optimistic, full of hope;
The second, quite dyspeptic, seemed to mope.
Said number one, "I'm sure of our salvation."
Said number two, "I'm sure of our damnation;
One ugly forms alone would seal our fates
And bar our entrance through the golden gates.
Suppose that death should take us unawares,
How could we climb the golden stairs?
If maidens shun us as they pass by,
Would angels bid us welcome in the sky?
I wonder what great crimes we have committed,
That leave us no forlorn and so unpitied.
Perhaps we've been ungrateful, unforgiving but;
'Tis plain to me that life's not worth the living.
'Come, come, cheer up," the jovial worm replied,
Let's take a look upon the other side;
Suppose we cannot fly like moths and millers,
Are we to blame for being caterpillars?
Will that same God that doomed us crawl the earth,
A prey to every bird that's given birth,
Forgive our captor as he eats and sings,
And damn poor us because we have not wings?
If we can't skim the air like owl or bat,
A worm will turn 'for a' that.'"
They argued through the Summer; Autumn nigh,
The ugly things composed themselves to die;
And so to make their funeral quite complete,
Each wrapped him in his little winding-sheet,
The tangled web encompassed them full soon,
Each for his coffin made him a cocoon,
All through the Winter's chilling blast they lay
Dead to the world, aye, dead as human clay.
Lo, Spring comes forth with all her warmth and love;
She brings sweet justice from the realms above;
She breaks the chrysalis, she resurrects the dead;
Two butterflies ascend encircling her head.
And so this emblem shall forever be
A sign of immortality.

JOSEPH JEFFERSON.

It is indeed a desirable thing to be well descended, but the glory belongs to our ancestors.
PLUTARCH.

Little Editorials from the People



THANK YOU! WE BELIEVE SO, TOO.

William R. Hearst, Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

As a wage-earner and member of a typographical union for some years, and being interested in all that pertains to the welfare of the masses, I have been a constant reader of the editorials of the New York Journal and subsequently the BOSTON AMERICAN, and am glad to have an opportunity to testify to their merit.

Your powerful editorial of Friday and the moral contained therein, which you strive to inculcate in the minds of those who read your paper, should earn for you the eternal gratitude of all who believe in the principle for which our government was created. Self-evident indeed has it been from the beginning, but never were its precepts more disregarded than now, and never its perpetuation and discussion more opportune.

Witness the chosen leaders of a great Christian sect in their almost supernatural effort to find fitting epithets to bestow upon the donor who sought to replenish their treasury with his ill-gotten gains, characterizing his gift as "tainted," his methods repugnant, and his colossal fortune a menace, and terminating the controversy by accepting the offering and standing sponsor before men for the "tainted money."

Witness also the frantic endeavors of one whom we are pleased to term a "captain of industry" to rid himself of the infamy of having, among from the sweat of millions, hoping the reprisal might serve to palliate his account not only with man, but with God.

Well might the AMERICAN cry out as John did by the Jordan: "Generation of vipers, who hath showed you to flee from the wrath to come?"

The corrupting influence of money has permeated every executive branch of the government; it has nullified the constitutional rights of the people, has enslaved legislatures, prostituted the press, and on all sides is flouted in the face of the masses the insolence of unrestricted wealth.

In all this name of duplicity the AMERICAN stands firm in its position as champion of the toilers, and the Promethean of old, wresting fire from the lamp of heaven to light the onward march of civilization, it holds aloft the lantern to guide the oppressed to a better state, to a new era, unmasking the trickery and villainy that stalk throughout the land under the cloak of respectability. The truths which you wish to bring home to the people will yet take root in spite of the prejudices engendered by centuries of despotic ages.

"AN ADMIRER."

South Boston.